

Vulcan Advocate

VOL. II. NO. 46

VULCAN, ALBERTA JULY 7, 1915

PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR

MOSQUITOS SKEETER SKOOT

Will not bother you if you use

25c. and 50c. per bottle.

FLY WAY

For use on stock, will keep them free from the fly nuisance.

D. C. JONES

DRUGGIST

Small Remedies

VULCAN

Ladies and Gent's Clothes
Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired

P. GILLESPIE

TAILOR, COSTUMIER

Best Workmanship

Guaranteed

French Dry Cleaning

a Specialty

Suits Made to Measure.

Removed Next to A. Mitchell & Co.

VULCAN, ALBERTA

Shoe Repairs

Every description of repair
work neatly and promptly
executed.

Shop Opposite the Depot.

W. F. BRADIN

Vulcan, Alberta.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE
DISTRICT OF CALGARY

In the Matter of the Tax Enforcement Return
For The Rural Municipality of Marquis,
No. 157, In The Province of Alberta.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of the "Rural Municipality Act" in that behalf, His Honour Judge Carpenter, a Judge of the District Court of the Judicial District of Calgary, has appointed Thursday, the 29th day of July 1915, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in the Court House, District Court Chambers, at Calgary, for the holding of the Confirmation Court to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Rural Municipality of Marquis No. 157.

Dated at Eastway, Alberta, this 20th day of May 1915.

"R. E. HOUSE"

Secretary-Treasurer.

M2618

Lineham Lumber Co.

Limited

VULCAN - - - - - ALBERTA

LUMBER

Slabs, Firewood, Doors, Windows, Finish.

Get Our Prices

JOHN DEWIE, REPRESENTATIVE

A Pretty Wedding

The home of Mr. and Mrs. James Matlock, Harmony, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Thursday evening, June 24th, when their daughter, Anna May, became the bride of Mr. Sydney Beckett. The ceremony was solemnized by the Rev. D. K. Allan, of Vulcan.

The bride wore a beautiful white embroidered net over messaline silk and she carried a bouquet of white carnations. She was the recipient of many handsome gifts, having, by her genial disposition, made for herself many lasting friends in the community.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, a splendid dinner was served. The table was tastefully arranged and ornamented with flowers; the bridal cake was in the centre. The rooms were ablaze with flowers of various tints, adding a brilliant lustre to the scene.

Mr. and Mrs. Beckett will reside in the Lomond district, where Mr. Beckett is an enterprising farmer.

Mr. J. McLeod was in town on Saturday last.

"Bareback riding was the next feature on the program and was the best event of the day. Every rider made good and the horses bucked even better than in the bucking event. Probably the most spectacular ride was made by J. N. Dew, of Vulcan, on Deerfoot, who did all that a bad horse can do, only to find that he could not shake Dew." —Morning Albertan report on Glendon Stampede.

The Celebration

Vulcan's celebration on July 1st was the best yet, fully fifteen hundred people visiting the grounds during the day. The heavy rain the night before was responsible for a larger crowd not being present, the roads being bad for travelling, but it was exceptionally fortunate that the weather cleared as it did, which was contrary to the expectations of almost everybody.

The parade, timed for ten o'clock, was considerably delayed owing to the non arrival of the band from Champion, and eventually the parade had to be held without it. This threw matters later in starting and it was after one o'clock before things were well under way at the grounds, when the crowds began to make their way there from the town.

The prizes for the parade were awarded as follows:

Best Float, A Warship, Mrs. C. H. Nelson; 2nd prize, Mr. C. E. Henry. Best Turn-out, Mr. L. Spanke. Best Auto, R. E. Dodds. Largest Delegations from country schools, 1st Marshall, 2nd Mayview. Best dressed and mounted Cowboy, 1st, Harry Kenney, 2nd, Roy Chase.

The first event to be put on at the grounds was the baseball match between Marshall school and Vulcan juniors, in which the latter were the winners by 23 to 18. Following this were the sports the results of which were as follows:

Boys race, 15 and under, 1. J. Shields; 2. F. Henning; 3. J. Henning. Boys race, 10 and under, 1. A. Kothlow; 2. O. Dortch; 3. J. Rushfeld. Girls race, 15 and under, 1. L. Kennedy; 2. E. Zahnd; 3. A. Zahnd. Girls race, 10 and under, 1. C. Bailey; 2. V. Hanson; 3. F. Roy. Boys potato race, 15 and under, 1. J. Shields, 2. F. Henning; 3. J. Henning. Girls potato race, 1. B. Adam; 2. I. Earp; 3. M. Carlson. Mens running jump, 1. Carmack, 7' 7"; 2. W. Matlock, 7' 4". Mens standing jump, Carmack, 9' 2 1/2"; 2. W. Torgerson, 8' 9". Mens running high jump, 1. W. Matlock, 4' 11"; 1. Ross Walker, 4' 10". 100 yard race, free for all, 1. C. Matlock, 2. A. R. Matlock. 220 yard race, free for all, 1. C. Matlock; 2. A. R. Matlock. Fat mens race (over 200 lbs.), Jess. Matlock; 2. R. M. Hollester. Ladies race, 1. J. Adam; 2. Margaret Carlson. Mens 3-legged race, 1. C. Matlock and A. Matlock; 2. Haight Brothers. Mens sack race (1st), 1. J. Haight; 2. J. Shields. Mens sack race (2nd), Jos. 1, Dougan; 2. F. D. Kennedy.

THE BASEBALL GAME

The baseball game, after the first innings, was a very one sided affair, Vulcan practically having it all their own way, the Champion team giving them all sorts of errors on which to add to their score, and in many instances the Vulcan team had to thank chance, although they put up a very much better showing than the Champion team, who were without their regular pitcher.

Champion were the first to bat, and scored three runs, to which Vulcan replied with five. The next two innings for either side were without score, and in the fourth Champion were again unable to register a score. This was where Vulcan piled up the score; for before they were dismissed they added twenty to their score, Haight and Hudson both hitting home runs. M. Lebow, throughout the game, pitched a splendid game. After this Champion went in to bat, and then the game was called off in favor of Vulcan, the scores being Champion, 5, Vulcan, 23. The teams were:

H. Hudson	3rd	Grant
C. Clark	s.	Dalson
T. B. Lebow	c.f.	McLaughlin
Nelson	2nd	Wright
Torgerson	1st	Clever
Galbraith	catcher	Wise
M. Lebow	pitcher	Hummel
Haight	l.f.	Harper
L. Shaw	r.f.	Vosberg

THE HORSE RACES

The horse races claimed the biggest attention of the day, and there were some splendid events throughout the program. The results were as follows:

Pony Trot, 1 Shimp (Ritchie up), 2, Colderen. Farmers Trot

(4 entries), 1. J. W. Johnston, 2. Campbell. Free for all (7 entries), 1. D. Harper; 2. Two Sons. The first and second heat in this event ended with the same result. Cow-boys race (9 entries), 1. Somerville; 2. J. Dew. Relay race (6 entries), 1. Hanson, (Dew up); 2. Two Sons. Ladies free for all, 1. Ainsworth; 2. Maloney. Buggy race, 1. H. Johnston; E. Campbell.

THE TUG OF WAR

This event was a contest between Champion and Vulcan and a team from each town being picked, weight on both sides being the requirements. The tug was lengthy and steady for a few minutes and then Vulcan pulled their opponents over the line.

The greasy pig was liberated after this but the chase did not last very long, Mr. W. Palmer being the one to capture the elusive animal.

Following this the second and third in the ladies race had another try out with the result that Maloney came first with Mason second. A match race over a quarter of a mile took place between D. Harper's Chinook and Somerville's horse, which was a splendid race, Somerville winning by something under a neck.

After this Lester Earp mounted a bucking horse of J. L. Kehr's and attempted to ride him with the sursingle, but he was thrown shortly after mounting. J. Dew and W. Mason also rode and put up a splendid showing, neither of them being thrown.

This closed the events on the grounds, the whole taking until after eight o'clock in the evening.

At night a dance was held in the Shimp Hall, the Champion orchestra supplying the music. The hall was filled to capacity and dancing continued until the small hours of the morning.

The shooting match between Champion and Vulcan took place at seven o'clock in the evening, and resulted in a win for Champion the total scores being 73 for Champion and 69 for Vulcan, the home team losing out by four points. Champion had, during the earlier part of the day, been down to Carmangay and had defeated the team of that town by one point, the scores being 68 to 67. The Champion team brought the cup to Vulcan but they took it back again on their victory.

Heavy Rains

The rain that fell in the Vulcan district on Friday evening of last week was undoubtedly the heaviest that the district has yet known. It commenced a little after six o'clock, large clouds rolling up from the south-west, and started without any warning, although thunder had been sounding throughout the afternoon. The rain fell in torrents and a few minutes after the commencement Vulcan Street was nothing more than a river with the water rushing in the direction of the depot. Some of the cellars in the main street were badly flooded, and some of the houses leaked. No damage from any part of the district has been reported except that Mr. Dewey Doane had damage done to his barn, the roof being blown off.

The storm was general over the south and Okotoks suffered severely, many of the houses in the low lying parts of the town being flooded and the railway line washed out, in consequence of which, Vulcan did not see the 11:30 train.

Directors Attention

On Saturday afternoon, July 10th at the Masonic Hall there will be a meeting of the Agricultural Society at two o'clock prompt. Business of importance will be transacted and it is urgently requested that all directors will be present.

On Saturday last a train, containing about four coaches of the Great Northern railway passed through Vulcan on the way to Calgary, but finding that progress further than Aldersyde was impossible, it returned to proceed up the other line. The train was occupied by a number of Serbians doubtless on their way to join the colors.

Mixed Farming Special

The visit to Vulcan last week of the Mixed Farming Special, was in every way a success, and it was unfortunate that the washout on the line delayed the arrival of the train until four o'clock. As it was the train was visited by close on five hundred people, and the general interest may be gauged from the fact that many people wished that the train was to stay in the town for at least a couple of days.

The influx of people from the country and surrounding districts commenced at about ten o'clock in the morning and from that time there was a constant stream of vehicles making to Vulcan. The arrival of the train emptied the streets and the crowd made its way to the railway depot, where they were addressed briefly by Mr. W. F. Stephens, live stock commissioner, as to the program.

The ladies then entered the cars set apart for the Womens Section and lectures were delivered by Miss Hayward, instructress, of Claresholm, and Miss Goldie, instructress, of Olds.

At the stock yards the animal lectures were given, the first on the draft horse, being delivered by Mr. Taggart, of the Vermillion School of Agriculture. Following him were Mr. Anderson, of Orillia, and Mr. W. F. Stephens, who spoke on the dual purpose cow and the dairy cow respectively.

These lectures were unfortunately much curtailed owing to the short stay the train was able to make, but they were carefully listened to. After the speeches the demonstration animals were looked over by the audience, and questions were asked and answered.

Special mention ought to be of the speech by Mr. Anderson, who, as a scientific farmer, spoke on the dual purpose cow. His remarks were succinct and to the point, and as he gave out the reasons for the raising of the dual purpose cow, the points to be looked for and the necessity of careful breeding, he claimed the attention of everyone.

Following the lectures, Mr. W. J. Stephens, of the School of Agriculture, Claresholm, spoke a few words on the work of that institution, and then the crowd turned to inspect the various specially fitted cars, each given to the display of some particular branch of farming. It is impossible to dwell on the contents of each car just as it is to enter what the several speeches contained, but the exhibits covered everything from the seeds and samples of noxious weeds, grain and grasses, butter making, down to models of farm buildings and the work of the students at the various agricultural colleges. The ladies department covered everything appertaining to the feminine side of the farm, and one of the most interesting exhibits was the different kinds of fruit grown in the province.

Literature on various subjects was distributed and special instructors were in charge of every department who explained everything and answered any questions.

Special mention ought to be made of the remarks of Mr. Stephens, of the Claresholm Agricultural College, Claresholm. He spoke of the scholars from the Vulcan district at the college and said he was pleased to report that their work there had been of the highest standard and that they displayed a great amount of interest in the work before them.

The management of the train were exceptionally well pleased with the large crowd who visited the train and had a good word to say for the Vulcan Agricultural Society who had so ably advertised the matter.

Vulcan Stampede

The Athletic and Agricultural Societies of Vulcan are arranging to hold a stampede during the month of August. The exact date has not as yet been fixed but it will be announced in our next issue. Efforts are being made to make this event a huge success from every standpoint.

Now Is The Time

Insure Your Crops in The
Strongest and Most Reliable
Company That Is

**The Northwestern National
of Milwaukee**

Every Wise Farmer Insures With Us

Rates 7%.

\$2.00 to \$12.00 Per Acre

ARTHUR MITCHELL & CO.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND NOTARIES

WHEAT \$1.50

Per bushel. Lots of moisture, crops assured. Good, first class wheat land at prices ranging from \$11 to \$25 per acre on any kind of terms you want. 30 bushels to the acre. Will let you figure whether you let your money lie in the bank at 3 per cent or put it where you can double it. INVESTMENT. Never again in the history of this district will you be able to buy at the price and terms you can now. See us and be convinced.

Don't forget to insure your crops, mares in foal, valuable horses, buildings etc., and above all, your life.

MILTON F. EARP...
VULCAN - - - - - ALBERTA

BLACKSMITHING

D. McPHERSON & Co., have
opened a Blacksmith Shop at
KIRCALDY.

All work promptly executed.
Plow Shares, \$2.25 for 12 inch,
\$2.50 for 14 inch, \$2.75 for 16 inch,
\$3.00 for 18 inch.

LADIES

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKER

I am open to do all kinds of ladies sewing by the day.

Prices Reasonable. Room in Shaw Block
MISS MABEL COLWELL

Insure : Your : Crops : Early It : is : of : Vital : Importance

You cannot afford to put off hail insurance any longer.
Thursday's storm is sufficient comment on
the theory that hail does no damage before
August.

BE WISE AND INSURE NOW

Our companies' reputation for fair adjustments and prompt settlements, is a guarantee that you will be treated right.

We shall be pleased to show you letters of appreciation from clients who have had losses in our companies.

**THE CANADA SECURITY
BRITISH CROWN ASSURANCE
CANADA HAIL**

Flood & Whicher

VULCAN

...AGENTS...

ALBERTA

REFRIGERATORS

Are Sweet and Sanitary When Cleaned with



Old Dutch Cleanser

Chases Dirt

Large Sifter Can, with Full Directions, 10c

The Soldiers Went on Smoking

It was at Givenchy that the historic private of the clay pipe moved his way, calm and ruthless and Homeric, through moments of wild fighting. With a clay pipe in his mouth this anonymous and amazing Tommy burst his way into a house made into a fortress by eight Germans. Without requiring help, this solemn and splendid man carried the house, he forced his way from room to room, meeting the frenzied attack of the cornered inmates with an imperturbable bayonet. Four separate combats he undertook and four lives were credited to his steel. Then before that terrible weapon the remaining men threw down their arms and surrendered. The calm Tommy did not even take his pipe from his teeth to acknowledge them prisoners. He went on sucking unexcitedly as he had gone on sucking all through the violent business.

Miss Brightman kept a very attractive little tea room and when away on a business trip recently she left it in charge of a young woman clerk. The morning she returned she did not think things looked quite as neat and attractive as usual.

"You know, Miss Bristol," remarked the proprietress as she glanced around. "There is a great deal in having your sandwiches look attractive."

"Yes, Miss Brightman, I know it," was the reply. "I have done everything I could while you were away. I have dusted those sandwiches every morning for the last ten days."

Dragged Down by Asthma.—The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is unfitted for his or her life's work. Strength departs and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought a great change to an army of sufferers. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

Botha's Work

The Union government has loyally performed its part of the work, and the operations against German Southwest Africa are a success. As General Botha said in his address to his troops, the capture of Windhoek is of the utmost importance to the empire and the Union of South Africa. The dispossession of Germany removes a constant source of bad influence and danger to the Union. With German Southwest Africa brought under the British flag, there will be nothing to hinder the peaceful development of the great British dominion of whose government General Botha is the head. —Toronto Mail and Empire.

Would you love me as much if I had lost his wealth?
He hasn't lost it, has he?
No.
Of course I would, you silly girl!

Three Boxes Cured His Rheumatism.

It cost Mr. Moore's father just \$1.50 to be cured of chronic Rheumatism from which he had suffered for years. Just three boxes of GIN PILLS at 50c a box, completely cured him and to-day he has not a sign of Rheumatism.

GIN PILLS

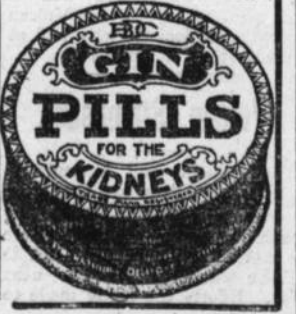
FOR THE KIDNEYS

Newburg, Ont., April 30th.
"My father has been troubled with Rheumatism for a number of years, having tried two doctors and getting no relief. He was finally advised by a friend to try GIN PILLS. He purchased a box and after taking them for a week, found that they gave him relief. He then purchased three more boxes which were the means of curing him. He is now a strong man in good health able to attend to his daily work. For this great change, all the credit is due to GIN PILLS."

ALEX. MOORE.

Every box of GIN PILLS is sold with our positive guarantee of satisfaction or money back.

GIN PILLS are "Made in Canada". Your dealer has them—50c, a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sold in U.S. under the name "GINOY" Pills. Trial treatment free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.



W. N. U. 1057

No Sale for Bar Fittings

Not Sufficient Demand to Warrant Continuance of Making Them

Three of the plants of the Brunswick-Balke-Clender company at Chicago, Long Island and San Francisco, which manufactured bar fittings exclusively, have been closed. The plant at Dubuque, Iowa, has been turned into a factory for the manufacture of talking machine cabinets and piano cases.

More than 3,500 employees of the company have lost their positions through the closing of the plants named.

H. A. Davenport, secretary of the company, has sent a letter to all branches throughout the country, which says:

"We have discontinued the manufacture of stock bar fittings for the reason that there is not now sufficient demand. We are convinced that the future of the liquor business will be in cafes and hotels."

Discussing the situation, Mr. Davenport said:

"We do not believe that the saloon is doomed, but conditions have changed. Many saloons have gone out of business as various places voted dry; others have been forced to quit because of population restrictions."

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

READ THE LABEL



CONTAINS NO ALUM

Wonderful Shot

Private Ananias certainly was a good shot, and his adventures in German Southwest Africa had apparently been of a nature to put those of Munchausen, Gulliver, and Bill Adams in the shade.

"Yes," he said to a circle of young soldiers, who were under orders for Cuthbert Bay, "I was in a bit of a hole up there once. There were two German snipers at me, and I had only one bullet left. They were a good bit apart, too, so I couldn't work round to get them in line. And if I shot one the other would get me sure. I tell you boys these things make you think quick. What did I do? Well, my knowledge of mathematics saved me. I got behind a stone worked out a few calculations and angles on a scrap of paper, stuck up my bayonet in the sands with the edge towards me, took careful aim at it, and let her go. And, boys, the plan worked; for the bullet was split clean in half, and one bit killed the German on the right, and the other bit blotted out the blighter on the left. Another time I was—"

But his audience had fled.

Came Back to Fight

Once a Canadian, always a Canadian. The Canadian casualty lists from the battle of Langemarck contain the names of many residents of the United States. The number is too large to be attributed to the presence of American soldiers; of fortune in the ranks of the Canadians. While no doubt some of those reported among the killed and wounded whose addresses are genuine are American citizens who enlisted out of sympathy for the cause of the allies, the greatest majority are Canadians or sons of Canadians who for various reasons have been living in the republic. —Ottawa Free Press.

Mildred—Don't you think Miss Elderly looks much younger in her new hat?
Helen—Indeed I do. Why, Mildred, it makes her look but very little older than she says she is.

CLEAR-HEADED

Head Bookkeeper Must be Reliable

The chief bookkeeper in a large business house in one of the Western cities speaks of the harm tea and coffee did for him:

"My wife and I drank our first cup of Postum a little over two years ago, and we have used it ever since, to the entire exclusion of tea and coffee. It happened in this way:

"I had an attack of pneumonia, which left me with dyspepsia, or neuralgia of the stomach. My 'cup of cheer' had always been tea or coffee, but I became convinced, after a time, that they aggravated my stomach trouble. I happened to mention the matter to my grocery one day and he suggested that I give Postum a trial."

"Next day it came, and we liked it so much that we will never change back; for I am a well man today and have used no medicine."

"My work as chief bookkeeper in our company's branch house here is of a very confining nature. During my tea and coffee drinking days I was subject to nervousness and the 'blues' in addition to my sick spells. There have left me since I began using Postum and I can conscientiously recommend it to those whose work confines them to long hours of severe mental exertion."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkg.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

And that's a Reason for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

Returns from Inspection Tour

Mr. W. P. Hinton Saw First Oil Burning Locomotive on Grand Trunk Pacific Put in Commission

Mr. W. P. Hinton, assistant passenger traffic manager of the Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railways, has returned to headquarters in Montreal after a twelve thousand mile trip over the company's lines and steamship routes. During his visit to San Francisco he represented the Grand Trunk System at the annual convention of the American Association of Passenger Traffic Officers.

"A great wave of travel will set in towards the California expositions this summer," said Mr. Hinton on his return, "but, no matter how large the volume of traffic, there is ample hotel accommodation for all at moderate rates. Canada will derive great benefit from this travel, for numbers of people have already made arrangements to return east through the Dominion."

My tour has left me more convinced than ever that Canada possesses superlative advantages in its scenic and natural resources. I came east from Prince Rupert and on the train were a score of experienced travellers, the vanguard of larger army to follow, who had been attracted to Canada by the fame of the Alpine Wonderland along the Grand Trunk Pacific's Transcontinental line. No territory in the American continent has greater mountains or more lovely scenery. In this region, which includes Jasper National Park, Mount Robson Park and the Wainwright Buffalo Reserve, Canada possesses a real asset."

While in Prince Rupert Mr. Hinton watched the launching of the last pontoon for the great Grand Trunk Pacific dry dock—this dock, capable of accommodating the largest vessels sailing the Pacific Ocean, will be ready, with a complete complement of machinery for ship repairs, by August first next. The immense oil tank equipment at Prince Rupert is also completed and a few days ago the first oil burning locomotive brought train No. 1 into the Pacific terminal. Very soon now over the whole of the Grand Trunk Pacific line from Jasper westward oil burning locomotives will be operating.

The new territory opened up by the building of the G.T.P. is showing fine progress, settlers are coming in good numbers, and the cities are building up.

"Edmonton was the busiest centre of activity that I saw in the whole of the west," said Mr. Hinton. "There is a rush of people from this point to the country, particularly the Peace River block, as many as 500 settlers travelling in one train over the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, which joins the Grand Trunk Pacific four miles west of Edmonton. The announcement of the selection of a route for its \$35,000,000 railway through Alaska by the United States, has led to a healthy boom at some of the Pacific coast points."

Conditions in Western Canada are satisfactory, so far as I was able to observe. There are few empty stores or houses and rents are keeping up well, while a bumper crop seems sure in the agricultural territory along our line in British Columbia settlement is proceeding in a gratifying manner. This will soon be as productive as our prairie section."

Corn causes much suffering, but Holloway's Corn Cure offers a speedy, sure and satisfactory relief.

Sickening

Some time ago little Willie rambled into the house, threw his soldier's helmet into the corner, and began looking over a book.

This was unusual for Willie, and his mother began to investigate.

"What have you come into the house for, Willie?" she asked. "You haven't quarrelled with George Brown, have you?"

"No, mother," answered Willie, "but I'm not going to play war with him any more."

"Why not?" queried mother, "what has he been doing?"

"It's just this way," explained Willie, "when we play war I'm German and he's Britain, and if I don't let him lick me every time he says I'm not patriotic." —Pearson's Weekly.

Field Crop Competitions

A bulletin recently issued from the office of the seed commissioner of the Dominion department of agriculture bears testimony to the great value of the field crop competitions and the seed fairs as agencies for encouraging the growing of better crops and the furnishing of better seed for our farmers.

"Twenty-five per cent. of the farmers visited by a commission recently inquiring into conditions affecting seed and grain growing, purchased their seed either from their neighbors or from dealers. The seed so purchased is commonly traced back to a prize winning field in a crop competition or a prize winning sample at a seed fair. Marquis wheat and O.A.C. No. 21 barley are notable illustrations of improved varieties now thus being disseminated."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

The Savage

A commercial traveller, putting up for the night at his hotel in a small town, ordered breakfast for an early hour next morning. The landlady, preparing the meal, not wishing her guest to be late, sent a servant-girl upstairs to see if the gentleman was up.

Peering through the keyhole, the servant, a raw country girl, espied the commercial at the dressing table using his toothbrush. Coming downstairs, she surprised her mistress by reporting:

"It's all right; mornin'; he'll be down directly. He's sharpening his teeth."

A lady bewailed the loss of a somewhat ill-bred but extremely wealthy neighbor who had been very liberal to her country charities.

"Mr. X— is dead," said she. "He was so good and kind and helpful to me in all sorts of ways. He was so vulgar, poor, dear fellow, we could not know him in town, but we shall meet in heaven."



For DISTEMPER

Pink Eye, Epithelitis, Shipping Fever, and Catarrhal Fever.
Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the Blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures Grippe among human beings and is a sure kidney remedy. Cut this out. Keep it. Show it to your druggist, who will get it for you free. Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." DISTRIBUTORS—ALL WHOLESALERS DRUGGISTS.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO. Chemists and Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND., U.S.A.

Dye from Tanbark

Search Caused by War Shortage Results in Discovery of Cheap Substitute

One of the first results of the quest of chemists for substitutes for dyes made in Germany is sulphur black derived from so-called exhausted tan bark. One of the best known research men in this city, a member of the Chemists' club, has derived some very satisfactory black dye from the inexpensive source mentioned, the basis of which is connected with tannic acid.

At the laboratory it was said that the inventor for whom the researches have been conducted by the chemist for the last few months does not care at this time to make the formal announcement over his name pending certain trade arrangements and further experiments. He believes that he will be able soon to improve the process greatly and present an American fast black which will be of great value to textile manufacturers and at moderate cost.

Although considerable quantities of dye-stuffs have been coming out of Germany the indications are that there will be a shortage this summer and the chances for the coming year are dubious. The sulphur black substitute is especially adapted for cotton.

Archil, a vegetable dye which gives to wools varying shades of red and brown, according to the strength of the decoration made from it, has been found in large quantities in Lower California. Further information concerning it may be obtained from the Mexican consuls. The plant from which the dye is obtained is worth about \$25 a ton. The supply is said to be enormous.

Several corporations have retained chemists to work out dye-stuff problems. Many branches of the dye industry in this country have been in a state of suspended animation owing to the inability of the Germans with low priced yet efficient technical help and cheap labor to produce products at prices with which Americans could not compete. New processes are being developed in the laboratories of American engineering chemists, however, which will lead soon to important developments. —New York Herald.

Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.

Gents,—I have used your Minard's Liniment in my family and also in my stable for years and consider it the best medicine obtainable.

Yours truly,

ALFRED ROCHAV,
Proprietor Roston Pond Hotel and Livery Stables.

The Entomological Society of Ontario

The forty-fifth annual report of the Entomological Society has just been issued by the Ontario department of agriculture, Toronto. The president's address is a valuable contribution to the history of applied entomology in Canada, by provinces. The insects of the year (1914), both in Ontario and Quebec, are described by several observers, and valuable suggestions are given as to their control. Among the more practical papers presented are those dealing with "The Army Worm in 1914," "Experiments With Poisoned Bait for Locust Control," "An Imported Red Spider Attacking Fruit Trees," and "Control of Forest and Shade Tree Insects of the Farm." The more purely literary contributions comprise a very discerning biographical sketch of the celebrated French entomologist, Jean Henri Fabre, and a chatty article on "Mountains and Hills." The Entomological Record for the year is, as usual, most complete and informing. The many illustrations are a valuable feature of the report, a copy of which will be sent to any entomologist upon application to the department.

George Bernard Shaw was invited by a friend one night to hear a string quartet from Italy. Expecting a treat, he accepted the invitation. Throughout the programme he sat with a stony look on his face.

The friend, to draw a little praise from him, said: "Mr. Shaw, those men have been playing together for twelve years."

"Twelve years?" said the other, in an incredulous voice. "Surely we've been here longer than that."

Twitching of the Nerves Broken-down System

Now Entirely Cured—Never Used Any Medicine With Such Benefit as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Headaches, sleeplessness and nervousness are often very disagreeable, but when your nervous system gets into such a condition that the nerves twitch and jerk, and you have peculiar nervous sensations come over you there is cause for grave alarm.

Everybody dreads the thought of "paralysis or locomotor ataxia." Nothing is worse than helplessness. Sometimes it is helplessness of body, and at other times the mind is affected, which is far worse.

The writer of this letter did not know what to expect, but fortunately began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in time to head off danger, and

writes that she was entirely cured of the old trouble. The last paragraph proves that the cure was permanent.

Mrs. John McKellar, 11 Barton street east, Hamilton, Ont., writes:—"I was injured some years ago, and that left me with a broken-down nervous system. I could not sleep, and suffered from twitching of the nerves and disagreeable nervous sensations. I then began using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and can say that I never used any medicine that did me so much good; in fact, I am entirely cured of my old trouble. The Nerve Food not only strengthened the nerves, but also built up my system in every way."

Under more recent date Mrs. McKellar writes confirming her cure, and states that she has had inquiries from many people who had heard of the great benefits she obtained from Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c a box for \$2.50. At all dealers.

VALIANT SONS OF THE DOMINION UPHOLD BEST BRITISH TRADITIONS

AN AMERICAN WRITER PAYS A FINE TRIBUTE

Will Irwin Tells of the Heroic Conduct of the Raw Canadian Troops, and of the Fortunes of War which Brought Them a Supreme Test of Valor

Writing in the New York Tribune from Northern France, Will Irwin, who has won an international reputation for his work in the present war, speaks of the heroism that has marked many incidents, and has this to say of the Canadians at Langemarck: "Finally, there are the Canadians. Since the affair which the United States calls the war of 1812, Canada has known no war, save minor engagements with red Indians and the war against nature. The rest has been peace and natic building and prosperity. Now, the Canadian contingent was scarcely upon the line before they behaved heroically at Hill 60. A fortnight later and while they still ranked as 'raw troops' the fortunes of war brought them a supreme test of valor. The poisonous cloud of noxious gas had driven back the French to their left. Their line was 'dangling in the air.' They were bombarded in front, they were enfiladed, they were bombarded from the rear, they were shrouded in poison fumes. They held on, they even advanced; they did the impossible by rescuing their guns. And they stuck until ordered back to join up the new line.

With them, as with the others, no military decorations can possibly reward all the deeds of valor. There is the boy I saw going under the X-ray. His hands were in bags; they had been shot through. His leg was in a splint; the bone was shattered. He was going to be 'X-rayed,' however, that the surgeons might find exactly what had happened to a splintered skull. He managed to tell the attendants that he had received his 'crack on the head' last of all, and that machine gun fire at close range did it.

What a story underlies that statement! Shot in one hand—he kept on. Shot in the other—he kept on. His leg shattered—he kept on, until he fell unconscious from the 'crack on the head.'

Then there were the five men in a certain Canadian company—and the unrecorded rest of that company.

Shrapnel Making

War Orders Set Wheels in All Parts of Canada Moving

Shrapnel making has grown to be one of the great industries of Canada. War orders have set wheels in all parts of the Dominion turning on shell fabrication.

Within a short time every step in the process of shell making will be taken in Canada, from mining the copper, zinc and iron; the fabrication of the explosives and the shaping and assembling of the parts. Hundreds of workmen and almost two hundred establishments are already executing shrapnel orders. The only operation which Canada does not carry out at present is making brass for the cartridge cases. While the zinc and copper are mined in Canada they are not refined here; that being done in the United States. In the past it has been found convenient to sell zinc and copper matte to American refiners and buy back the pure copper and zinc, or the two combined with tin to form brass. There has been no brass making of consequence in Canada.

With the demand for shell brass reaching great proportions there has been an investigation into the possibility of having the copper and zinc refining and brass making carried out in this country. It is learned that the investigators have reported that the thing could be easily done though there might have to be the usual government assistance at the start. The refining operations are likely to be carried out in British Columbia where there are great deposits of copper and zinc ores and where coal and water powers are abundant.

The brass may be made there or elsewhere.

It is expected that a considerable amount of outside capital will come into Canada for investment in both this and the explosive industry.

Weed Wisdom

Every Precaution is Necessary to Prevent the Spread of Weeds

When grain has many weeds in it to be sure and grind it up before feeding it. When using manure that has come from stock that have been fed pure grain be sure it is well rotted before putting it on the land.

Never allow weeds on mature seeds. On those on the roadsides, headlands, in waste places and in the fence corners, as well as those in the fields.

Be constantly on the watch for the appearance of new weeds. Do not wait until a weed has become established before finding out what it is. It is a comparatively easy task to get rid of a few plants of Perennial Sow Thistle but a long, tedious and costly operation to clean a field which has become overrun by it.

Sow only pure seed. Impure seed is dear at any price. Pure seed is the purchaser's right by law, and he should insist on having it.

See that the separator is cleaned before being brought upon the farm. Burn the refuse from the separator, and do not throw it on the manure heap.

Apply the farmyard manure—where it should be applied—to the corn, root and hay crops. By this practice even if it has some weeds in it much harm will not be done.

One authority has given the following formula for the breaking strength of Manila rope. Breaking strength equals 720 times the square circumference. This gives for 1½-in. diameter rope a breaking strength of 15,900 pounds.

A safe load for a single Manila rope, 1½ in. in diameter is 1½ tons; for a three-part rope, 2½ tons, and for a four-part rope, 4 tons.

They had charged, they had won, they started to secure their position. Along came a surprisingly heavy counter-attack. But they held and held and held, until, when the recall sounded, only five men leaped up and ran back to the retired trenches—and two of them were wounded. Was Balaklava finer than this? Yet it is lost among the mighty deeds of this war.

The men who did all this were raw troops, judged by the old standards, and they came from a Dominion which has been at peace for a century. It is no good to say that they were 'backwoodsman' and therefore accustomed to something resembling war. Some of them, it is true, were wheat farmers of the Saskatchewan, miners of the Klondike, or voyagers of the great rivers. Further, not a few were native-born citizens of the untamed western United States. But as many or more left desks in Montreal, Ottawa or Vancouver to go to war.

When war is forced upon a nation, as it has been forced upon the more civilized nations of western Europe, it is, of course, necessary to fight back. It is especially necessary in this case, if you believe in maintaining a blood-bought democracy. But let us be honest, even in the midst of the struggle. Peace has brought to Europe, not decadence, but such manly fibre as the world never knew before. Perhaps this has happened because the men of manly fibre have had a chance under peace to live and breed their kind. One suspects that just to live well in this complex, modern world—to be deaf to siren songs, to be calm in adversity to keep working, to endure bereavement and disappointment, to break untrodden ways through the wilderness of industry, commerce and science—that all this breeds enough of manly fibre. There is no worship of the bleeding gods put in his sermons of valor the statement that peace breeds degeneracy. It is not peace which does this, it is too much war.

Bark Outstrips Steamers

The Vimiera Crosses From England Under Perfect Conditions, Passing Freight Vessels

Thirty days from Weymouth, England, and running light, the British four-masted bark Vimiera reached port recently, completing a voyage which, if done in less than forty days, is an unusual event in these days of a fast expiring sailing fleet.

It was more like a yachting trip in some protected stretch of water and having nothing else to occupy their minds, the sailors took to knitting hosiery for the soldiers, according to Captain Thompson in reporting the arrival of his vessel to the consignees, J. F. Whitney & Co.

Captain Thompson has had a good many years' experience in roaming the seven seas on the heaving decks of 'windjammers,' but never had such a pleasant trip as the one just completed in the Vimiera, he said. Hardly a hand was necessary at the lines and some of the canvas unfurled when the bark got under way was not reefed until she brought up with the Jersey shore.

The Vimiera dipped far to the southward and logged more than four thousand miles before the tug took her in tow off Scotland Light. After the first two days and with every inch of canvas set on the yards, the bark began passing slow freight steamships in the Vintia, he said. Hardly a hand was necessary at the lines and some of the canvas unfurled when the bark got under way was not reefed until she brought up with the Jersey shore.

With the exception of only a few hours the favorable weather continued until the men were ordered aloft to bare the sticks as the bark headed into port. The Vimiera resembles in many respects the famous American clipper ships, and is said to be one of the fastest 'square-riggers' now afloat.—New York Herald.

Easily Possible

Canada in Excellent Position to Develop Trade With Russia

The pilgrimage of Mr. C. F. Just, Canadian trade commissioner at Hamburg, to Russia is well timed and secures in it something of the spirit of the eternal fitness of things. Located in a German city, Mr. Just at the commencement of war was seeking to improve trade conditions between this country and the Kaiser's dominions. Germany proved to be a false friend and Mr. Just now moves over to a country in which German commerce has for a long time had considerable sway, his effort being to capture as much of the German trade as possible for Canada.

There is every reason to believe that this trip will prove successful. Relations between Canada and Russia are today most cordial. This Dominion was fortunately so placed as to be able to lend material aid to the Russian government at the commencement of last winter: by handing over two of its powerful ice breakers from the St. Lawrence for use at Archangel. In this and in other ways Canada has shown that it was a friend in need, and the Russians remember.

Moreover, we manufacture in this country much that the Russians must import, and with the completion of the Siberian railway it is going to be a comparatively easy matter for us to handle such contracts as may come to us. A hundred years ago Russian traders did business with North America from Vladivostok up and down the Pacific coast and there should be no reason why a steamship line from Prince Rupert or some other Pacific port to the Siberian railway terminus would not be a paying venture. If Mr. Just's pilgrimage meets with the success the Ottawa authorities anticipate for it.—Calgary Herald.

Poisonous Gas

Germany Descends in Warfare to Inhuman Methods to Win Battles

The war novelty now seems to be the use of poisonous gases which all the now warring nations at the second Hague conference solemnly bound themselves to eschew. Whether they were judicious in so doing, and whether it is legally or morally any worse to poison a man than to eviscerate him with shrapnel or to batter in his skull with the butt of a musket, is irrelevant, the fact being that the former method of killing was forbidden by mutual agreement. Further, it is well distinctly to understand that this agreement was made with full understanding on the part of everybody that the use of poisonous gases is generally unhealthy, and that most, if not all, of the stragglers now using picric acid explosives, from which are given off particularly unpleasant nitrous fumes. Current practice was not forbidden by the agreement at The Hague, but merely extensions thereof by the deliberate poisoning of the enemy. This particular thing has been undertaken on a large scale by the Germans during their recent assault on the trenches of Belgium.

The special poison used seems to have been, from the reports, chlorine, gas liberated in enormous quantities and floating in a low-lying greenish-yellow mist towards the enemy's line, and killing or crippling all who inhaled it. Those not killed outright are doomed to slow-healing or permanent damage to the respiratory tract which will be likely to produce serious results in the future. The facts in the case do not seem at all dubious and the practical question is what the warring nations are going to do about it. Some relief undoubtedly could be obtained by respirators, which, if they are good for those distributing the gas, are also good for the recipients. Moreover, in the opinion of Dr. Lewis Bell, who writes in the Boston Herald, an efficient defence will be organized by the liberal use of ammonia bombs thrown into the attacking fog of chlorine and alcohol vapor also a known remedial agent which will probably be used with advantage locally, but is there any reason to suppose that having lifted the lid off the bottomless pit of warfare, there will be any hesitation in using other and deadlier means of attack?

In the circumstances it would seem that there is nothing left to do but for all hands to do their worst. Unhappily, the French 'turpinette' reported to be capable when used in a shell of annihilating a whole company leaving them standing at attention or with rifles raised to aim, is probably a myth or grossly exaggerated. If not, it should presently be heard from in ways that will provoke a fervid if inconsistent protest from Berlin, but this chemical warfare permits of many ramifications and with an absolutely free hand to undertake anything which ingenuity can suggest, the technical forces of the Allies should be quite able to furnish a Roland for Germany's Oliver. There are three or four cases well known to chemists which leave chlorine far behind in lethal effect and would probably prove destructive to life in proportions of one part in a half million to a million of air. They are not all conveniently adapted to firing in shells, and probably it would be wiser to distribute them by aeroplanes. Such a flotilla as the allies sent out a few weeks since on a bombing expedition could easily carry under modest pressure tanks containing a hundred or so cubic yards of these gases, sufficient to contaminate with deadly effect a couple of hundred acres in the very heart of a city, the more, since the gases being fairly heavy, would hang nearer the earth and drift about unseen in the breeze, carrying destruction with them.

We may fancy, for example, what would be the effect if another raid were made on Essen with poison instead of explosive. From a score of specks in the sky, far beyond rifle range, things begin to drop on the doomed town, not bombs, but merely big, black cylinders that open as they strike the earth. The first hits an open space where a battalion of infantry is gathered, hoping that the raiders may come within range. It breaks without exploding and the soldiers laugh at the impotent attack. A second officer steps forward to examine the missile, goes white and crumples up in a heap. Five seconds later a hundred men are down and the remnant of the battalion breaks into rout and flies down the street leaving fallen all along its path. An old woman sticks her head out of a second storey window to see what it is all about, starts to scream, and then lurches forward over the window sill. Another missile crashes through the roof of a big gun shop, and in 30 seconds a single man bursts through a door into the street and topples over, all that is left of the crew. It is not a pleasant picture, but if it should prove a true one, as it well might, there would be fewer 'Busy Berthas' at the front, and no one to blame but those who set the pace for death by defying the decent rules of warfare as laid down by the second Hague conference.

And then there is that other little matter of poisoning wells, a pleasant, not uncommon among, savage nations in the dark ages, and until now most recently used by the Zulus. As carried out the other day it was most crudely performed from lack of suitable material. But there was no lack of malevolent intentions or contempt for the ordinarily observed laws of war. In skillful hands, with more and finer resources in available poisons, the infection of a water supply might lead to a new and fully understood. Certainly it would be no worse to infect a well with typhoid or with cholera bacilli than to poison it with arsenic. If one be defensive so are the others, and if carried out on a sufficient scale the process should start an interesting back fire behind the lines now being contested. There are plenty of virulent cultures which could be conveniently distributed through a reservoir system, and if a few places succeeded, quick casualties in the water supply of an army, which being a main military base, might probably be considered as fortified, its inhabitants would be put to some trouble in burying each other before the epidemic could be suppressed.

Range of Big Guns

Firing Over a Score of Miles Now an Accomplished Fact

The French estimate of the distance from which the Germans dropped shells in Dunkirk is 23½ miles. Fire at such a range has long been a topic of popular interest as a possibility. It is now a fact.

Travelling swifter than a rifle ball, a shot fired at such a range is nearly two minutes on its way. At 45 degrees, elevation it rises more than two miles above the loftiest mountain, higher than man can mount in a balloon and live, before it begins to descend.

The fire that wrecked the Antwerp forts was delivered with much more accurate aim, almost vertical, at fairly short range. The great guns of warships cannot be elevated more than 15 degrees. This is one reason why the allied landed armies at the Dardanelles. Plunging fire from batteries at closer range should be more effective against Turkish forts than the big guns of the Queen Elizabeth. No warship could shell New York from a distance at sea equaling the range of land artillery.

It is hard to hit a small mark at half a mile, and harder to hit a big one at twenty miles. The Germans are probably satisfied, without having accomplished a military object, with the moral effect of their feat—and there is always a chance that a great shell may hit a vital spot. Our army reports say that a range of thirty miles is possible with present-day ordnance. Thus Constantinople might be bombarded from the shore of the Black Sea, Trieste from Italian soil, Seuta from Gibraltar, Sardinia from Corsica, Dover from Calais. This is why the German shots at Dunkirk were heard round the world.—New York World.

Encourage Seed Growing

The Importance of Seed-Growing in Canada is Emphasized

In 1913-14, according to information gathered and supplied by Mr. George H. Clark, Dominion seed commissioner, Canada imported from France and Germany no less than 900,743 pounds of beet and mangel seed; from Holland and France, 350,849 pounds of turnip seed, and from France alone 32,966 pounds of carrot seed. Radish, cabbage, cauliflower, celery and parsnip seed were also imported in large quantities, mainly from France. While it is thought there was nearly sufficient of these seeds on hand to meet the requirements for this year, these channels being closed, for 1916 there will plainly be a dearth.

The foregoing important facts are duly set down in Bulletin No. 22, of the Second Series of the Central Experimental Farm, of which M. O. Malte, Ph.D., Dominion agronomist, and W. T. Macoun, Dominion horticulturist, are the authors. "Canada," the Bulletin very emphatically says, "should make herself independent of foreign markets, and produce at home what now has to be bought abroad. Canadian farmers should not only try to meet the emergency demand for field root seed in the immediate future, but should also try to establish a permanent seed-growing industry which would make them independent of any other countries." There will assuredly not be a dissenting voice to this doctrine as a general principle and the Bulletin, which is being gratuitously distributed and can be had on application to the publications branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa, tells in detail how this desirable state of affairs can be brought about. Cases are given where successful effort has already been made, but the data regarding the matter, it would seem, is not quite as available as could be wished. What is definitely known is that quantities of seed are brought in from abroad, much of which it is believed could, with the requisite care, be produced in Canada and of a character as good and high.

General principles for successful seed-growing, of selection, etc., are laid down in the Bulletin, which also details methods that could profitably be adopted for planting, threshing and cleaning of many species of field roots. A list that is given of the best varieties of vegetables for stock seed is of good practical value. Farmers and gardeners are also reminded that as an inducement to the growing of field roots and garden seeds in Canada the Dominion government is willing to aid seed-growers by cash subsidies, particulars of which can be obtained from the seed branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa. It should be added that as the purpose is to encourage the growing of selected seed, only bona fide growers of such seed are eligible to receive the subsidies.

Should Consume Less Meat

British Board of Trade Calls Attention of Public to the Fact

The British board of trade calls the attention of the public to the great importance of restricting the consumption of meat with a view to economizing national supplies and avoiding excessive increase in prices. This action was taken on the advice of the advisory committee of the national federation of meat traders, which has been investigating the recent big increase in retail price of nearly all meats.

This increase, the committee found, is due to the increased requirements of the British and French armies and the relative shortage of vessels equipped for conveyance of meat overseas. It decided that the only way to avoid a further advance in the price would be to reduce appreciably the demand by the civil population.

More and Yet More Men

From Flanders and from the Dardanelles the same lesson stares us in the face—the lesson we have so constantly sought to inculcate, the lesson that we are still behindhand in our efforts to face dangers and difficulties unsurpassed in our long history. Our men have done magnificently, our men from home and our men from the Dominions and from India. But we want more and still more men to make good the wastage of seven several campaigns—of which one is the most costly ever known.—London Times.

THE BRITISH WORKMAN AND SOME OF THE EFFECTS OF THE DRINK EVIL

WHY THE LIQUOR PROPOSALS WERE MODIFIED

Reason of the Limitation of Lloyd George's Drastic Liquor Proposals is Stated to be not Altogether on Account of the Organized Strength of the Trade

It is not the organized strength of the trade in England that has forced Lloyd George to so greatly modify his proposals for dealing with the liquor problem, but the settled habits of the British people themselves, and particularly of the working classes, who are most affected. It is true that the brewers, distillers and bottlers of the British Isles form a combination of tremendous strength, that they have members of parliament and in the house of lords, and that millions of people, directly or indirectly, depend upon them for employment and support. But if the average British workman had been in favor of the total closing down of public houses during the war they would have been closed down, no matter how loudly the trade might have protested, and no matter how active its agent might have made themselves in the house of parliament. Will Crooks and John Burns, both of them lifelong abstainers, spoke for the laboring classes when they told the government that total prohibition would not be tolerated, and when the Irish members protested it was plain that the government would do more harm than good by placing a prohibitive tax upon spirits.

While the British workman may properly be condemned for his fondness for drinking, he does not look at the matter in the same light as the Canadian workman. In this country it is safe to say that there is little, if any, of the sort of drinking on Saturday which leaves them incapacitated for work on Monday. There being no liquor sold on Sundays here the workers who have been over-indulging on Saturday night have a clear day in which to recover from the effects of their spree, unless that they have liquor in their homes, which the great proportion of them do not. In England, on the contrary, the public houses are open for a certain time on Sunday, and it is quite possible for a workman who has the necessary money to drink himself into such a state of intoxication that he is disinclined to go to work on Monday.

Speaking generally, too, the habits of the British workman are different from the workers on this continent. A writer in the Brooklyn Eagle says that the British workman, as a rule, does not feel the spur of ambition as keenly as does the American worker. He writes: "His father and grandfather have lived on \$4 a week, and his life is quite good enough for him and his sons. If he earns that sum in six days he rests on the seventh; if in two days he refuses to exert himself in the remaining. Higher wages mainly increase idleness."

Britain's Many Wars

In Some Part of the World There is Always Work for British Arms

It has been said with some truth that for the British empire war never ceases. In some parts of the world there is always some business for British arms. If it is not an expedition against some of the restless hill tribes of Northern India it is an expedition to restrain the Mad Mullah in the Sudan, or an expedition out of Singapore to some of the Malay islands, or from Sydney to the Papuan islands, or elsewhere. The responsibility of protecting the vast possessions of the Crown in the seven seas involves more or less constant offensive or punitive military measures. These occurrences being taken so much for granted, the public gives scarcely a thought to the fact that in addition to her great military or organizing in Northwestern Europe, and the conducting of large operations in the Dardanelles, Britain is conducting no fewer than five separate campaigns in Africa, has repressed an insurrection by some Mohammedan tribes of Northern India, has destroyed a new force gathered by the Dervishes of the Sudan, has repressed a German-incited rising at Singapore, and on five continents is ready to defend colonies and dependencies large and small. In Africa General Botha is leading Union forces against German Southwest Africa. British Indian troops are being employed against German East Africa, the great bar to the Cape-to-Cairo railway that will make a new Africa. Togoland has been captured. It was taken by an expedition from the British Gold Coast colony within three weeks from the outbreak of war. The Cameroons are now being invaded by British and French forces. The German defenders of the Kaiser's African colonies have not hesitated to poison the wells along the routes of British advance, but even these tactics have not availed to prevent the steady onward march of the British soldier-colonizer. Only an imperial military organization of a completeness never known before to the world could enable Britain to guard interests in all parts of the globe so thoroughly.—Mail and Empire.

A Sure Sign

Corporal—That new recruit used to be a clerk.

Sergeant—How do you know?

Corporal—Every time he stands at ease he tries to put his rifle behind his ear.

Sacked

This isn't a clean knife, Jane, said the young mistress to the new servant.

Well, it ought to be, said the servant, for the last thing it cut was the soap.

Every one in our family is some kind of animal," said Jimmie to the amazed preacher.

Why, you shouldn't say that, the good man exclaimed.

Well, said Jimmie, mother's a dear, the baby is mother's little lamb, I'm the kid and dad's the goat.

and idleness in the sort of cramped home he provides for his wife and children is somewhat nerve-racking. Out he goes to meet his friends. There are workmen's clubs where he could do so, but these are made most undesirable—only too often—by the well meaning but indiscriminating intrusions of those uplifting women who go to serve them with tea and entertain them with music. When the workman idles he wants the company of his own kind, and the entertainment he understands, not the 'goody-goody' talk of his employer's wife and daughters, nor their ladylike music, nor the sort of literature with a purpose which they never fail to supply to the club members.

It has been often said that the public house is the poor man's club, and this is truer in England than in any other country in the world. But there is another reason why at this time above all others the British workman should drink. There is hardly one of them, perhaps, who has not had a "pal" killed or wounded in this war, or one of whose dearth tidings may be received any day. There is death in the air and when in the "pub" men hold their sessions, discussing their absent or fallen friends, beer and whiskey are likely to flow with too great abundance. The workman seeks relief from sadness in drink. When there is news of a victory he "wets the occasion." Whether the news is good or bad it provides an excuse to those who are in need of one.

Moreover, in the opinion of the spokesman of the workmen, they are not responsible for the slackness in providing the munitions of war. They insist that the blame lies rather with the manufacturers, who are making huge fortunes out of war orders, and are working the men to the limit without sharing any of their profits. Some slackness, they contend, is due to general dissatisfaction with this condition. When invited to show patriotism, they demand that their employers shall set the example. Finally, even the Church of England does not tell the workman that it is his duty to do without his beer while the war exists. The Archbishop of Canterbury, it is true, recommended "greater temperance," but the Anglican church does not stand for prohibition, one of the reasons, no doubt, being concerned with the Sacrament. In face of all these elements opposed to absolute prohibition it is plain that one does not need to imagine a conspiracy of brewers and distillers to understand why Lloyd George was unable to take drastic action against the trade in England.

Deaths that Mean Something

Lofty Purpose For Which the Highest Price is Not Too Much to Pay

The continued casualty lists of the Canadian regiments bring more clearly than any other news the fearful cost of the fighting in Europe. These young men are no better than those of whom we in the United States had read before as being killed, wounded or missing in the battles, but they seem more real to us because they went from our side of the world and they are our kind of people. Some of them were so very recently eager, cheerful, ambitious youths just like our own boys and our next door neighbor's boys. Now they have sacrificed themselves and we feel how deeply must be the anguish in homes near us when the dreadful news comes over the cables.

It is pathetic, but it is more than pathetic. With the story of the new gaps in the Canadian ranks come also stories of fresh recruiting in Canada. Other boys are keenly intent on enlisting that they may follow where their companions have led. They are willing, glad even, to endure the miseries of trench life and to dare the fatal bullet.

Nor is there a note of regret to be heard from Canada over the deaths of the young men who are gone. That is significant. It means an exaltation of national spirit, a profound conviction that those who have died have died for something that makes their deaths worth while. There is a very lofty idea somewhere in this war or we should be reading outbursts of hot indignation from the parents and the friends of the dead young men.

Sometimes we people on this side of the boundary miss that fact about the war. We are too ready to denounce war generally and to condemn this war with all others as wanton and cruel and unnecessary. The people who are fighting it do not think so. They are imbued with the belief that there is something at stake for which the highest price is not too much to pay. It is not wanton waste of life in their eyes.—Detroit Free Press.

Potash Production in U.S.

Potash, for fertilizing and other uses, is to be manufactured from algalite, of which there are large deposits in Utah. Some of the best of these deposits will produce potash in a commercial way, and of a purer and better grade than that formerly imported from Germany. Supplies of these are to be available in the near future, as a company has been organized to operate these deposits, and amongst other prominent men associated with the undertaking is President McDowell, of the Armour Fertilizer Works of Chicago.

Penny Editions of Atrocities Report

The British government has decided to issue a penny edition of the report of the committee on alleged German outrages, of which Viscount Bryce was the president. The report is being translated into the chief languages of Europe and India.

This Means a Saving

The prices we are quoting mean big economy to you. Each one of our departments is well stocked with every requirement for men, women and children. Give us a call.

Street and House Dresses

Striped Voile, embroidered front	\$ 6.75
Navy Silk, special value	10.00
Gingham Dresses, stripes and checks	1.50
Blue Chambray Dresses, very serviceable	1.35

Tennis Outfits

Men's Heavy Canvas Bals	\$2.00
Men's Yachting Bals	1.35
Ladies White Canvas Bals	1.35
Child's Athlete Bals	.65
'Country Club' Shirts for men, cool and comfortable	2.00

Groceries

'Golden Key' Lobster	35c.
Heinz Catsup	30c.
Wagstaff's Jams and Jellies	30c.
Crisco	40c., 75c.
Cream Cheese	15c.

Rain Coats

Fancy Tweed Waterproofs	\$13.00
Men's Balmacaam Motor and Raglan Styles, at	\$8.00 to \$16.00
Ladies Fawn and Blue, full length	\$4.50 to \$6.25

Men's Hats

'Stetson' Hats, all shades, shapes and sizes	\$4.50
'Redmond' Dress Hats	2.00
Wide Leaf Field Hats	1.50
Fancy Straws and Panamas	\$1 to \$8.50

Men's Suits

Grey Tweed, serviceable and dressy	\$15.00
Heather Mixture, 2-piece Norfolk	22.50
Brown Scotch Tweed	14.50
Navy Serge, special value	22.50
Boys Suits, colored tweeds	\$5.00 to \$8.00

Elves Bros
The Store of Good Service

ESTRAY

HORSE—Estray on F. M. Meyers farm, N.W. 1/4 of 12-18-23, 4 miles east of Hearnleigh, 1 Pinto gelding, weight 1000, aged 15 years. This horse has been in the district for the last four or five years. Branded on left shoulder and on left hip. Arthur R. Bond, Brand Reader, Eastway, Alberta.
June 9/15

HORSES—One grey mare, 1450 lbs., 12 years old, branded half circle blurred on neck, also black horse colt 2 months old with white spot on face, running with mare. \$5 reward for information or return of same. A. E. Curry, Vulcan.
June 9/15

GELDING—Strayed from S. 1/4 5-17-25, 1 light bay gelding, 6 years old, weight 1100 lbs., white face and white feet. Branded T on shoulder and shoulder, heavy black mane and tail. \$5 Reward for information or return. Chas. Short, Phone R302, Vulcan, Alta.
Jy13p

WANTED

FLOWING—I am open to do spring plowing on time. E. M. Hollister Vulcan, Alberta.

HOGS—George Coville will buy fat hogs at Vulcan, on Tuesday, July 27th, and up to noon on Wednesday, July 28th. Will pay ruling market prices on these dates.
J304

CONTRACTOR—To move house about half a mile. House is 1 1/2 story, 24 feet by 12 feet, with addition on one side, 12 feet by 11 feet. Apply Ellis Mines, Champion, Alberta.
June 9/15

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

LAND—Three quarter section of land 100 miles west of Spokane, in the Big Bend district, 240 acres under cultivation, improved, good water, near school. \$10,000. Easy terms. For full particulars write Flood & Whitcher, Agents, Vulcan Alberta, or Jy14

LOST

CAMERA—In front of Ladies Aid Booth on July 1st, one No. 2 Brownie Camera, in leather case. Finder please return same to P. W. L. Clark, Vulcan, Alta.
Jy14

James N. Dew rode at Gleichen at the Stampede and was successful in securing the second prize in the bucking contest, riding "Deerfoot".

Men, women and children of every age, all find Rexall Orderlies a perfect laxative. Sold only by D. C. Jones, The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes

THE VULCAN BAKERY

BEST BREAD DAILY
CATERING

F. SMART VULCAN

R. K. B. KNOWLES, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
Vulcan, Alta.
Phones 44 and 45

DRS. G. M. CARSON and G. T. GALBRAITH

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
VULCAN ALBERTA
P.O. Box 39, Phone 18.

Lodge : Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A. F. & A. M.
G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.
G. M. CARSON, W. M.
A. J. FLOOD, SECRETARY.

O. O. F. SAMARITAN LODGE

No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA.
Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.00 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome.
E. G. MCPHERSON, NOBLE GRAND.
R. L. ELVES SECRETARY.

The Churches

Presbyterian

Rev. D. K. Allan, Pastor; Mr. H. F. Richardson, Supt. Sunday School; F. A. Elves Clerk of Session; P. H. Irving, Clerk of Managers; Mr. R. W. Glover, Pianist.

Morning Service 11 a.m., Sunday School 2.30 p.m.; Evening Service 7.30 p.m. Services held in the Masonic Hall

Ladies Aid meets last Thursday of each month. Mrs. F. A. Elves, President; Mrs. W. F. Jennejohn, Vice-President; Mrs. D. K. Allan, Secretary; Mrs. A. M. Trail, Treasurer.

At the recent council meeting of the Local Improvement District, the council had Mr. McCliment present in regard to his claim for \$3 as set forth in his recent correspondence in these columns. After receiving Mr. McCliment's explanation, the council voted that he should have the sum.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. **Duties**—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
—64388

CANADIAN PACIFIC

NATIONAL PATRIOTIC WEEK

WINNIPEG, July 1st to 10th

Fare and One-Third for the Round trip from

All Stations in Alberta and Saskatchewan

On Sale June 29th to July 4th

Final Return Limit July 12th

Further particulars from any agent or

R. W. DAWSON
District Passenger Agent
Calgary
Jy112

The VULCAN ADVOCATE

CHARLES CLARK, Proprietor
R. W. GLOVER, Managing Editor

Published Every Wednesday in the Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION:—\$1.50 per year; Foreign countries \$2.00. Exchange must be added to cheques.

TRAINING FOR BUSINESS

Solomon's dictum that to the making of books there is no end could, without injury, have appended to it something to the effect that there will always be people who don't believe in them, especially if the books be of a scientific nature.

It is therefore not surprising that there should have been dissentients as to the good the Mixed Farming Special could do when it visited the district last week. A few of the critics on the street were at a loss to see what the arrangement could show that was not already known to the farmer. Fortunately, there were sufficient interested agriculturists in to see the exhibits to off-set this view, and the enthusiasm they evinced showed that they were ready to acknowledge that the effort of the Government was not wasted.

Far be it from us to say that the disregard for the theoretical side of a calling is with the farmer alone; it is just because we live in an agricultural centre that everything the farmer does stands out prominently. The disregard, and often contempt, for the theoretical is found in every branch of commerce and industry to-day, and no matter where one looks, there will be found the minority who rather dispise the acquirement of knowledge through other than the channels of pure experience, and think themselves rather smart in doing so. It is an old fashioned view, doubtless dating from the period when men, women and children, unable to write their own name, stood at the forge or the loom from dawn to dusk. But it is a view that is disappearing, albeit slowly, under the modern pressure of specialization. During the last half century a greater idea of the value of vocational training has sprung up, until, in some quarters, it has become an absorbing theme. Schools and classes for every conceivable occupation have sprung into being and yearly thousands of workers are turned out to materialize their theoretical training at the lap of experience. The very manner in which the demonstration farms and agricultural colleges of Canada have loomed into quite recent importance show, that farming, no less than any other calling or profession; if it is to be successful, must be reduced to a thorough and scientific study. Time and results in the past have shown the need of this course, and the wise farmer is not slow to take advantage of to-day's opportunities by learning all he can and educating his own sons at the various centres of agricultural training.

THE COMING FAIR

July the first has come and gone, and the hundreds of people who visited Vulcan that day and were present at the celebration were able to see the new agricultural grounds and form an opinion as to their suitability for the purpose. The situation is fine and the new track, when it gets worked down a little more will be one of the best in the south of the province. The entire 37 acres has been fenced round and different parts overlooking the track have been set apart for vehicles so that those in them may see the events without having to be ever on the lookout against the crowd. The grandstand has been made twice its original size, and various other improvements over the old sports ground have been added. Much more has to be done before the Agricultural Society hold their fair in October. Buildings will have to be erected, accommodation for stock will have to be provided besides the money for the prizes and various overhead expenses.

Now all this will require money and the Agricultural Society looks to the people in the district, farmers and business men, to support the affair loyally. This is the first year of the Society and there are many initial expenses to be met, and it is hoped that everyone will give to their utmost to support a cause that is going to be of so much benefit to the surrounding country. The village of Vulcan council has voted \$100 to improvements for the grounds and various governing bodies throughout the district are donating to the funds.

Each individual in the district cannot do less than become a member of the Society and a great many will be glad to subscribe much more.

This year, when some Agricultural Societies are withholding their fairs on account of financial considerations, should be one for the district to show that it is sufficiently well off to start a Society off with a good financial helping, so when you get the appeal for membership respond to the best of your ability and show a live interest in a large district by supporting the best thing for the district.

THE LIQUOR ADVERT.

If the coming vote on prohibition were not so serious the advertisements being put round by the liquor interest would be a positive joke. From the half restraint sophistry of the first few weeks of their efforts to cajole the people into the belief that the Act is no good, they are going to great lengths and now they have reached the stage of shouting from the housetops that by voting against the Liquor Act on July 21st the people of Alberta will save their "independence and respect." The two words, as far as they are generally understood, are hardly synonymous with the liquor traffic and its effects, and it has yet to be shown where they come in in this respect. The amount of independence and respect that the liquor people have endowed the public with up to the present is hard to find indeed, and there is no guarantee that things in this respect will ever be "any better." The saloon, somehow, is an organization which in its capacity does more to rob a community of its independence and respect than any other business on the face of earth, and the more the average person has to do with it the less independence and respect is his.

The temperance people are also alluded to in the same advertisement as selfish, self seeking and intemperate destructionists. Plainly, there is not an interest in the world that answers to this description so well as the liquor interest and they are only making themselves ridiculous by trying to stamp another body with the brand they have worn so long.

The best advertisement the prohibition cause have is the liquor advertisement, for the more they say the more wide of the mark they get for they can never hope to convince any body by the rubbish they are trying to ram down the public throat.

"Our Tipperary"

The Times is indebted to Mrs. J. J. Ward, of St. Paul, Neb., for the following parody on Tipperary. Mrs. Ward is much interested in seeing Alberta go dry and awaits with anxiety the result of the vote on July 21st.

It's been a long way to prohibition,
It's been a long way to go;
It's been a long way to prohibition
To the fairest land we know.
So it's a good, long way to prohibition,
High license we'll not spare;
It's been a long, long way to prohibition,
But we're almost there.
It's a short way to prohibition,
It's the right way to go.
It's a sure way to bring salvation
To the greatest land I know.
Let's us all stick together,
Let this be our cry,
It's a short, short way to prohibition,
And our province will go dry.
It's a bright day for prohibition,
It's a safe way to go;
It's the right time for prohibition
In the greatest province I know.
Farewell, Old Anhauser!
Goodbye, Rock and Rye!
We will win our fight for prohibition,
And you know just why.

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000
Capital Paid up - \$3,000,000
Surplus - \$3,750,000



Bank of Hamilton
ESTABLISHED 1872

For Information Regarding
VULCAN & DISTRICT
—WRITE THE—
SECRETARY OF THE BOARD OF TRADE
VULCAN, ALBERTA

QUEEN CAFE

Meals at all hours
Ice Cream
Confectionery and Candies
Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks
VULCAN ALBERTA.

R. W. GLOVER

Teacher of Piano
Vulcan

M. H. KAHLER,
Watchmaker and Jeweller
OPTICIAN
EYES TESTED FREE
VULCAN, ALTA.

P. W. L. CLARK

Barrister
Solicitor, and Notary Public
Loans Arranged
Bk. of Hamilton Bldg., Vulcan

**: Dentistry :
DR. C. H. NELSON**
DENTIST

Removed from Bank of Hamilton,
to next to Drs. Carson & Galbraith

A. R. BOND

BRAND READER
Eastway
Owner of Horses branded on
Left Shoulder. BB

Royal Cafe

MEALS AT ALL HOURS
ICE CREAM
Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies,
Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes
JANG LING, PROPRIETOR

B. C. RESTAURANT

ICE CREAM
Meals Served at all Hours.
Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft
Drinks, Candies, Fruit
VULCAN, ALTA.

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1	110
" No. 2	107
" No. 3	103
" No. 4	99
" No. 5	92
" No. 6	87
Feed	81
Rejected No. 1	96
" No. 2	93
" No. 3	89
Oats, No. 2 C.W.	45
" Extra No. 1 Feed	43
" No. 1 Feed	41
" No. 2 Feed	39
Barley, No. 3	54
" No. 4	44
Feed	38
Flax No. 1, N.W.	125
" No. 2 C.W.	122
" No. 3 C.W.	105
Rye	68
Eggs	15
Butter	15
Spring Chicken	68
Pow	10
Cattle, live	54
Cows	5
Hogs	7
Dressed Hogs	94
Potatoes	75

SAVE SAFELY

Safety is the first consideration and the matter of interest earnings of second or even third importance to careful people

VULCAN BRANCH
A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER

For middle-aged and elderly people the ideal laxative is

Rexall
TRADE MARK

Orderlies



The gentle but sure laxative

Their effect on the bowels is gentle, soothing and strengthening. With advancing age comes inactive bowel movement and sluggish liver; through weakness, nature is unable to perform her proper functions and needs assistance. Rexall Orderlies aid the secretions and

functions of the liver, stomach and bowels, assuring a gentle action without griping. They are the perfect laxative for middle-aged and elderly people and being so pleasant to take are a boon to children.

Rexall Stores everywhere sell Rexall Orderlies, and will refund your money if for any reason they fail to satisfy.

Made in Canada and sold in metal boxes at 10c, 25c and 50c each at Rexall Stores only. Get a Box Today from

D. C. JONES, Druggist, Vulcan

CANADIAN PACIFIC SUMMER EXCURSION FARES

Circle Tour Through Revelstoke and Kootenay

A splendid vacation trip for teachers, and others. Very low fares from all stations. Good for three months. \$22.00 from Calgary.

To Eastern Canada

To points in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, at low fares. Liberal limits, stop overs and diverse routings.

Panama-Pacific and San Diego Expositions Pacific Coast Excursions

Reduced fares from all points. When going to the Expositions or the Pacific Coast, it will profit you to travel through your own wonderful—the Canadian Rockies, visiting Banff, Lake Louise, Field, Glacier, thence via Vancouver.

Sail The Great Lakes. Superior and Huron

On the 4 favorite palatial steamships, "Alberta", "Assiniboia", "Manitoba", and "Keewatin". They make 4 round trips each week.

	Alberta	Assiniboia	Manitoba	Keewatin
Lv. Ft. William	Sun. 2 p.m.	Tues. 2 p.m.	Sat. 2 p.m.	Fri. 2 p.m.
Lv. Ft. Arthur	Sun. 3 p.m.	Tues. 3 p.m.	Sat. 3 p.m.	Fri. 3 p.m.
Ar. Ft. McNicoll	Tues. 8.30 a.m.	Thur. 8.30 a.m.	Mon. 8.30 a.m.	Sun. 8.30 a.m.

TRY this route; it offers an ideal change and rest to the traveller bound for Eastern Canada and the Eastern States.

Particulars from nearest Agent, or from
R. DAWSON,
District Passenger Agent.
Calgary.

Military Men And Matters

The Germans made use of blazing liquid against the French at Calonne, and even with that advantage the miserable blonde faced beings did not gain anything.

"Vorwarts" a Social-Democratic paper contains a page advertisement in behalf of peace. Opposition to territorial conquest and annexation is clearly stated therein.

A body of 400 enthusiastic Serbians arrived on Sunday from the States and are now at Sarcee Camp awaiting arrangements for their departure to their native land where they will fight for their country.

A German submarine which left Emden for the North Sea for an attack on an undefended town was lost on Tuesday. Another one was captured by two British Trawlers and dragged into port. The entire crew were all suffocated. Serves em right.

The more the Manitoba Legislative Scandal is probed the more evident it is that the men higher up are implicated. Dr. Montague's excuse that he was in poor health is a mighty poor excuse to offer, and Premier Roblin's excuse is even more flimsy. The matter should be pressed until all evidence is obtained and the guilty parties placed where they belong.

Captain W. A. Lowry, well known in High River, is the first Calgary survivor of the historic charge of the 10th Battalion which blocked the German road to Calais, to return home. He arrived on Sunday last and was glad to get home after months of war. While he would not say much of the situation in France, he was very enthusiastic over the work of the Canadians in their heroic charge. Every man was a hero. They fought well and died well in what he terms the vital engagement of the war.

Familiar Lie Exploded

A favorite statement of those opposed to local option is this, "There is just as much liquor sold in dry territory as there is under

the license system." The repudiation of that statement is found in the Brewers' Year Book of the United States for 1911, and no one expects them to give out matters that is false to their own interests.

The figures, as compiled from the report in the Brewers' Journal certainly refutes the statement that prohibition legislation does not decrease sales. There is no class of men who know the surety that liquor sales are less, in territory that is legally dry, than the men who have liquor to sell; that is doubtless the reason why the liquor men of Alberta are prepared to spend \$100,000 or \$150,000 to defeat prohibition.

Abolish the bar-room and drinking will decrease from 75 to 90 per cent. Prohibition puts the bar out of business, and there is no controversy on this point.

Be Independent

"Be independent" says the liquor traffic, "and give your province yet a few more years for the best of its men to go down."

"Be independent" say the prohibitionists, "and vote out of the province the greatest menace to your welfare, your manhood, your womanhood and your youth."

"Be independent" says the liquor traffic, "and pay 750 per cent more than it is worth for your booze."

"Be independent" say the prohibitionists, "by getting a return for your money when you spent it."

"Be independent" says the liquor traffic, "by supporting me well at your own expense and loss."

"Be independent" say the prohibitionists, "by having more money to expend on your community."

"Be independent" says the liquor traffic, "by denying yourself and yours for my sake."

"Be independent" say the prohibitionists, "by providing better means of educating your sons and daughters."

"Be independent" says the liquor traffic, "and think of yourself and your pleasures only."

"Be independent" say the pro-

hibitionists, and remember the thousands of homes that are suffering and have no vote."

"Be independent" says the liquor man, "forget the aims you once had and the future that was pictured for you."

"Be independent" say the prohibitionists, "and vindicate your creation."

"Be independent" says the liquor traffic, "and vote for me on July 1st. I need your help. I'm not so strong as I once was."

"Be independent" say the prohibitionists, "and vote for the present and future well being of Alberta, its men and women, its children and its homes."

Womens' Institute

The monthly meeting of the Womens' Institute will be held on Thursday afternoon of this week in the Masonic Hall, the meeting having been postponed from the first Thursday of the month owing to the celebration.

The program, which is a good one, and ought to be the means of bringing out a good attendance of members is as follows:

Roll Call. Hints on canning. Demonstration, salads, Mrs. Mitchell. Social afternoon.

Instead of the usual paper on some branch of domestic work, the main part of the afternoon will be devoted to social entertainment. The young ladies who sold the tags for the Red Cross Fund on July 1, are invited to attend.

Lunch will be served, and the main part of the afternoon will be a conversational social. It is on occasions such as these that the members of the Institute like to meet any intending members, and a cordial invitation is given to the ladies of the district to be present, when they will be made heartily welcome.

Sons Of Canada

(By MRS. IDA B. MOORE)
Arouse, you sons of Canada, arouse!
Your country needs you now.
Take the harness from your horses,
In the furrow leave your plow.
Shout aloud for king and country,
Then go help to strike the blow
That shall echo down the ages
And shall lay the tyrant low.
Do you love your flag, my brothers?
Waving proudly in the sky,
Then go forth and fight for freedom,
Which please God, shall never die!
Have you fear of death? then crush it.
There are worse things than that
grave;
Death must come to all the living,
Die a free man, not a slave.
Since your cause is just, protect it.
In the God of battles trust.
Hear the wail of stricken Belgium.
Shed your life blood—if you must.
Britain's flag has waved triumphant
For a thousand years, or more.
May her sons shout out the slogan
Let it ring from shore to shore.
"Mother England, we are coming!
In us freely you may trust.
We will help to fight the nations
Who would grind you in the dust.
"Help to keep the old flag flying;
Let no alien hand deprave,
Until in peace it floats forever,
Over land and ocean wave."

The roads in the country were left in bad shape after the recent heavy rains. They were very rough in some spots.

J. P. Morgan & Co. and the Rothschilds of Paris have announced that arrangements have been made to float a huge war loan for France. The loan, the amount of which was not stated, is secured by high-grade railway bonds lodged with the Morgan firm.

Loma News

The post office mail boxes for the new mail route in this district have arrived and are being placed in position by the residents.

Mr. Thomas Guy was unfortunate in losing a cow during the recent heavy storm. The animal was struck by lightning.

The Misses Elizabeth and Constance McFarland are home from their respective schools at Calgary and High River for the vacation.

Many of the Loma people are going to visit High River on Friday July 9th to hear Mrs. McClung, the noted authoress speak on prohibition.

A large representation of the Loma people were visitors to Vulcan on Monday June 28th to see the Mfcd Farming Special. Everybody expressed themselves as very well pleased with the demonstrations and lectures and all regret that the train would not be in the district for two or three days instead of a few hours.

Mr. Peter Enzenauer is using his old barn, which he has torn down, for a machine shed. It measures 26 x 64 feet and into it can be put the engine, separator, bunkhouse, cook car and farm implements. Over this is a loft in which all parts for the machinery can be stored. It is Mr. Enzenauer's intention to erect a new barn for his cattle and horses in the fall, and it is to be a large building of over one hundred feet in length.

Reid Hill News

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Percy Meyers on June 15th—a daughter.
Born—To Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Forsythe on June 20th—a daughter.

Mr. H. Cooper has had a well drilled during the past week, and at a depth of about a hundred feet has a splendid supply of good water.

Reid Hill rejoices in one of the best showing of crops in any district. They were visited by the hail during the past week, but the damage, if any, does not amount

to anything much. The grain is in fine shape and with the warm weather that is bound to follow the storms of the past week it will be as good as any in the south of the province.

News From Brant

The Rural Route from Brant to adjacent districts is now a foregone conclusion, thanks to the activity of our member, Dr. Stanley. From an outline we have had of the route we may say that the carrier will leave Brant and proceed northward a distance of two miles; thence west as far as Frankburg; thence south from Frankburg two miles; thence east to the road allowance along ranges 26 and 27, then south along road allowance to the Little Bow River; thence east two miles; then north to Brant. It will be twice a week service and the circuit is 32 miles in extent.

Fanatics! Fanatics!

The Board of Trade of the City of Pittsburg at its January meeting passed the resolution without a dissenting voice:

Resolved, that this organization realizing as never before the increasing burdens of taxation caused by the liquor traffic in this country as so conclusively shown by the figures given by the census of the United States; realizing the gain morally to the citizenship of our country by a material reduction of saloons; realizing that it is poor economy to allow the granting of liquor licenses which annually grind out a grist of humanity for which we must increasingly pay an unnecessary tax; realizing the economic loss to the country through the inefficiency of the individual and recognizing the fact that more than 47,000,000 of the population of our country already live in territory from which liquor has been banished by the sovereign will of the people.

Be it resolved that this organization place itself on record as favorable to the passage of a bill now before Congress submitting the question of national prohibition to the several State Legislatures that the question may be settled in harmony with the will of the people.

According to some people the Board of Trade of the City of Pitts-

burg must be composed of a lot of fanatics. If so, the number of fanatics who think as they do is increasing with great rapidity.

H. Arnott, M.B., M.C.P.S.

Catch Farmers Defrauders

The city police were notified by wire Sunday of the arrest in Vancouver of A. A. Goodwin and Arthur M. Brink, both of whom are badly wanted here for alleged wholesale frauds perpetrated upon Alberta farmers and producers.

Goodwin is specifically charged with defrauding Laidlaw Bros., of Okotoks and Brink, formerly the manager of the "Peerless Poultry and Produce Co." of Calgary, with a similar offence.

It is alleged that the men made a practice of ordering poultry, eggs, butter and other dairy and farm produce from farmers throughout the province and selling the stuff in the market, to stores and to private customers in Calgary, and failing to pay the producer.

The "Peerless" company, just before Christmas, is said to have advertised in the country papers throughout the province for holiday goods, which it disposed of, ostensibly on commission, in Calgary. Complaint after complaint has been received from farmers who supplied goods that no financial settlement was ever forthcoming, and it is alleged that thousands of dollars' worth of stuff was procured in this way and not paid for.

Goodwin and Brink will be brought back to Calgary for trial. —Morning Albertan.

Advertisements for this company appeared in this paper during the Christmas season, soliciting the farmers to ship their poultry, etc., to them at Calgary, to be sold on the commission basis. Several farmers in the district believing it to be a genuine company, shipped poultry and produce to their yards at East Calgary, but up to the present have received no remuneration in return for their goods.

If found guilty Messrs. Goodwin and Brink should be sentenced to the fullest extent, as they seem to have started out with the sole intention of beating the farmer.

H. W. REEVES, VULCAN

Specials for Friday & Saturday Selling

Men's New Overalls, Boots and Shoes, Ladies and Children's Boots and Shoes, Men's Shirts, Cotton and Cashmere Sox, Ladies and Children's Wash Dresses, Men's Balbriggan Underwear, Scotch Ginghams, Wash Goods, White and Stripe Flannelettes, Towels, Groceries

Staple Department

36" White Lawn	.....12½c.
9-4 Double Warp Cotton Sheeting	...45 c.
8-4 Twill Cotton Sheeting	.....40 c.
Turkish Towels, per pair	.....35 c.
Linen Crash Toweling	.....15 c.

Wash Goods

White Fancy Vesting	.....25c.
White Spotted Muslin	.....15c.
Scotch Gingham	.....15c.
Wash Crepe	.....15c. and 20c.
40 in. Apron Gingham	.....15c. and 20c.

Ready-to-Wear Department

Ladies Fine Lawn Night Dress, Trimmed Lace and Embroidery	\$1.25
Ladies White Pique Skirts	.....1.75
House Dresses	.....1.25
Princess Slips	.....1.25
Fancy Muslin Dresses	.....\$5.00, \$6.00

Grocery Department

Eiffel Tower Lemonade Powder, tin	...30c.
Sovereign Lime Juice, per bottle50c.
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Ladies Plain Cotton Hose, black, tan	20c.
Ladies Black Cashmere Hose40c.
Ladies Black Lisle Hose, double tops and double heels and toes	35c., 50c.
Children's fine Ribbed Lisle Hose, black and tan	.....30c., 35c.

NOTICE

Butter and Eggs Taken
as Cash, and Highest
Prices Paid.

The Mystery of the Ravenspurs

By Fred M. White

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

The quick blood came flashing to Geoffrey's face. He had never seen Vera hard and cold like this before. It was a woman and not a girl who was speaking now. Geoffrey resented the questions; they came as a teacher addresses a child.

"I cannot tell you," he said. "It has to do with the family secret."

"And you expect me to believe this, Geoffrey?"

"Of course I do," Geoffrey cried. "Did you ever know me to tell you a lie? And, after all the years we have been together, you are going to be jealous of the first woman who comes along! Have I been mistaken in you, Vera?"

The girl's beautiful eyes filled with tears. She had been sorely vexed and hurt, far more hurt than she cared Geoffrey to know. For it seemed to her that he had wilfully deceived her, that he was going to see this creature of whom he was secretly ashamed, that he had lied so that he could seek her company without suspicion in the minds of others.

"If you give me your word of honor," Vera faltered, "that you—"

"No, no," Geoffrey cried. "I merely state the facts and you may believe them or not as you please. Who Mrs. May is I decline to say. How I became acquainted with her I also decline to explain. Suffice it that she is Mrs. May, and that she has rooms at Jessop's farm."

"And that is all you are going to tell me, Geoffrey?"

"Yes, Vera. If you have lost your faith in me—"

"Oh, no, no. Don't say such cruel things, Geoff. Whom have I beyond my parents and you in the whole world? And when I found that letter, when I knew what you said about Alton—was not true—"

She paused unable to proceed. Her little hands went out imploringly and Geoffrey caught them in his own. He drew her to his side and gazed into her eyes.

"Darling," he whispered, "you know that I love you."

"Yes, dear, it was foolish of me to doubt it."

"I love you now and always. I can never change. I did not intend to tell you about this woman because it was all part of the secret. The wise man among us has said it, and his word is law. I am speaking of Uncle Ralph."

Vera nodded with a brighter glance. Had not she a secret in common with Ralph?

"Say no more," she whispered. "I am ashamed of myself."

Geoffrey kissed the quivering red lips passionately.

"Spoken like your own, Vera," he said. "Now I will give you my word of honor."

"No, no. It is not necessary, Geoff. I was foolish. I might have known better. Not another thought will I give to Mrs. Mona May."

Vera spoke in all sincerity. But our thoughts are often our masters and they were so in this case. Mona May was a name grave on Vera's mind, and the time was coming when with fervent gratitude she blessed the hour when she had found that letter.

CHAPTER XX.

A Fascinating Woman

Mrs. Jessop's simple parlour had been transformed beyond recognition. The fine Chippendale furniture had been brought forward; the gaudy settees and sofas had been covered with fine, Eastern silks and tapestries. A pair of old Dresden candlesticks stood on the table, and under pink shades the candles cast a glamour of subdued light upon damask and silver and china.

As Geoffrey was ushered in, Mrs. May came forward. She was dressed entirely in black, her wonderfully fine arms and shoulders gleamed dazzling almost as the diamonds that were as frosty stars in the glorious night of her hair. One great red bloom of some flower unknown to Geoffrey was in her breast. As to the rest, the flowers were all scarlet. The effect was slightly dazzling.

Mrs. May came forward with a smile.

"So you have managed to elude the Philistines," she said. "Ah, I guessed that you would say nothing to your friends about our little dinner."

There was an eager note in the words that conveyed a half question. Geoffrey smiled.

"May I venture to suggest that the knowledge is not displeasing to you?" he said.

"Well, I admit it. In the circumstances to explain would have been a bore. Your people cannot call on me and, being old-fashioned, they might not care for you to come here alone. Therefore, being a man of the world, you told them nothing about it."

Geoffrey smiled. "He took the proffered cigarette. Had he not been warned against this woman by Ralph, her subtle flattery would have put him off his guard. It is always so sweet and soothing for a youngster to be taken for a man of the world."

"You have guessed it all," he said. "My grandfather is a great seigneur. He has no toleration for anything that is not en regle. What an exquisite cigarette!"

Mrs. May nodded. They were excellent cigarettes, as also was the flower she insisted upon pouring out for Geoffrey with her own hands. He had never tasted anything like it before.

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And the dinner when it came was a perfect little poem in its way. Not a flask of wine on the table that had not a history. Long before the meal was over Geoffrey found himself forgetting his caution.

Not that Geoffrey had anything to be afraid of. He knew that in some way this woman was connected with the tragedy of his race; for all that he knew to the contrary, she might be the spirit directing the tragedies.

She was his enemy, though she smiled upon him with a dazzling fascination calculated to turn cooler heads than his. But, at any rate, she had not asked him here to poison him at her own table. Mrs. Mona May was too fine an artist for that.

Presently Geoffrey came out of his dream to find himself talking. Mrs. May seemed to be putting all the questions and he was giving all the answers. And yet, directly, she asked no questions at all. She was sympathetic and interested in the family, as she explained with kindness and feeling.

"And there is that poor blind gentleman," she said sweetly.

Her eyes were bent over her dessert plate. She was peeling a peach daintily. There was just for the fraction of a second a ring in her voice that acted on Geoffrey as a cold douche does to a man whose senses are blurred with liquor. Some instinct told him they were approaching the crux of the interview.

"My uncle Ralph," he said carelessly. "He is a mystery. Sometimes I fancy he is a clever man, who despises us, and at other times I regard him as a man whose misfortunes have dulled his brain and that he strives to conceal the fact."

Mrs. May smiled. But she returned to the charge again. But strive as she would, she could get no more on this head out of Geoffrey. She wanted to know who the man was and all about him. And she learnt nothing beyond the fact that he was a poor nonentity, despised by his relations. Geoffrey's open sincerity puzzled her. Perhaps there was nothing to learn after all.

"Strange that he did not stay away," she murmured, "knowing that the family curse must overtake him."

Geoffrey shrugged his shoulders carelessly.

"What can an unfortunate like that have to live for?" he asked. "He is broken in mind and in body and has no money of his own. It is just like the old fox who crawls to the hole to die. And we are getting used to the curse by this time."

"You have no hope, no expectation of the truth coming to light?"

It was on the tip of Geoffrey's tongue to speak freely of his hopes for the future. Instead he bent his head over the table, saying nothing till he felt he had full control of his voice once more. Then he spoke in the same hopeless tones.

"I have become a fatalist," he said. "Please change the subject."

Mrs. May did so discreetly and easily. And yet in a few moments the doings of the Ravenspurs were on her tongue again, almost unconsciously, Geoffrey found himself talking about Marion. Mrs. May listened quietly.

"I have seen the young lady," she said. "She has a nice face."

"Marion is an angel," Geoffrey cried. "Her face is perfect. You have only to look at her to see what she is. Nobody with a countenance like that could do wrong, even if she wished."

No matter who and what it is everybody comes under Marion's sway. Men, women, children, dogs, all turn to her with the same implicit confidence.

"Marion seems to be a warm favorite," Mrs. May smiled. "And yet I gather that she does not hold first place in your affections?"

"I am engaged to my cousin Vera," Geoffrey explained. "We were boy and girl lovers before Marion came to us. Otherwise—well, we need not go into that. But I never saw any one like Marion till tonight."

Mrs. May looked up swiftly.

"What do you mean by that?" she asked.

"I mean exactly what I say. In certain ways, in certain lights, under certain conditions your face is marvellously like that of Marion."

As Geoffrey spoke he saw that the blood had left the cheek of his companion. Her face was deadly pale, so pale that the crimson flower in her breast seemed to glow more vivid. There was a motion of the elbow and a wine glass went crashing to the floor. The woman stooped to raise the fragments.

"How clumsy of me," she said. "And why are you regarding me so intently? My heart is a little wrong, the doctors tell me—nothing serious, however. There!"

She looked up again. She had recovered and her face was tinged with the red flush of health again. But her hands still shook.

But Geoffrey was taking no heed. (To be Continued)

Pills That Have Benefited Thousands

Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Parmenter's Vegetable Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Innumerable testimonials can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

Must Have Milk For Baby

An Austrian baby, which had been deserted by its parents, has been adopted by a Russian regiment.

The baby is looked after by a gigantic Tchuvas soldier from the Volga, who on the strength of his residence in the United States, professes to be an expert nurse.

Hearing that milk was to be had in the enemy's camp, the Tchuvas made an excursion there at midnight. The Austrians shot him through the fleshy part of the leg and took him prisoner; but on learning what his mission was they gave him milk and then sent him back.

The baby is called after the Grand Duke, Commander-in-chief.

A Good System

C.P.R. Invites Suggestions From Employees, With Good Results

The recent circular issued to employees of the C.P.R. asking for suggestions on the improvement of the service has certainly "struck oil," for suggestions have poured in until the committee which investigated these has at times been almost snowed under. However, each idea has received careful and individual attention, being referred to the heads of the departments concerned, and adopted or otherwise according to its merits or practicability. Some ideas have been adopted and those who suggested them have so much to their credit. Indeed promotion has already followed in several instances and in other's promotion is coming whenever the opportunity offers. In so complex an organization as a railway, there are many angles or points of view. Some minds untrammelled by routine see an opening for improvement where the man on the actual job goes by precedent. An operating official whose work compels him to travel may have pointers on the treatment of passengers which he gains by personal experience. Ideas from other countries may be adapted to Canadian conditions, and may be suggested by a clerk who has immigrated from Europe or the United States. It is a good thing that there should be a melting pot for the ideas of the C.P.R.'s hundred thousand employees.

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Effects of War

Of brave deeds done upon the battlefield, amid the thunder of cannon, the crisis of wounded and dying, of heroes of the V.C., and great generals who rose from small beginnings, the teacher told her class, firing them with enthusiasm for their Mother Country.

"Please, miss," cried one little girl excitedly, "my father was in the Boer war."

"And did he fight in any of the battles?" inquired the mistress.

"Oh, yes," answered the little maid. "E was at Graspan, an' Modder River, an' Parysburg, an—"

"And was he wounded in any of them?" pursued the teacher.

"No, miss, he wasn't wounded," she replied. "But, please, miss, 'e 'ad a awful 'eadache."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Big Factor in the War

Strength in shells is the factor. No advance against entrenchments is possible without an expenditure of ammunition which would have fought the Napoleonic wars. Neve Chapelle consumed the supplies of an entire campaign. A French advance in Alsace, gaining a few hundred yards, requires the use of more ammunition than in other wars which decided the fate of empires. The necessary prodigality in shells and cartridges had put the army under a great strain.

Formerly it was possible to meet and anticipate all the needs of the men at the front. Now, strategy is qualified by the new factor of supply. Movements hesitate, advances are stopped, plans are modified, and men are held from action because the requisite ammunition cannot be had. It is a war not only of the train despatchers, but of the ammunition maker. The most factory hands may win.—Chicago Tribune.

A Sharp Distinction

A merited report is not always a retort courteous. The rebuke that was administered to a party of intruding tourists by the old watchman who was set to guard the ruins of College Hall at Wellesley not long after the great fire, conveyed a keen but subtle reproach.

"Ye've got to keep out!" he ordered gruffly, when he caught them trying to slip under the ropes that surrounded the crumbling walls.

The inquisitive visitors paused and eyed first the ruins and then their determined guardian.

"See here," a callow youth accosted him, "we're willing to risk it, and we'll take all the responsibility. What do you care if we lose our lives?"

"Ye've got to keep out. I ain't thinkin' of your lives; I'm thinkin' of me job."

"Well, dear me," chirped the young lady just out of finishing school.

"What is it?"

"Here is an old hen chaperoning a whole seminary of chickens."

Britain's Sea Lord

The Best Liked and Most Hated Man in the Service

The following story of Lord Fisher, first sea lord of the British admiralty, and his work by "One Who Was Under Him," is reprinted in part from the Navy and Army.

On October 10, 1914, the secretary of the admiralty issued the following announcement: "The King has approved the appointment of Admiral of the Fleet Lord Fisher of Kilverstone, I.G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V.O., LL.D., to be first sea lord of the admiralty in succession to Admiral Sir Serene Highness Prince Louis of Battenberg."

And thus was brought once again into active control of the fleet the most remarkable man the navy has produced for several generations. It has been the usual plan when writing of Lord Fisher's career for writers to confine themselves to later years and the great positions he has held; it is proposed to divert somewhat from that course and to deal with Fraser the man, but first we will give a very brief biographical sketch.

Lord Fisher was born at Ceylon on January 25, 1841. His father was Captain William Fisher, 78th Highlanders, who, on his retirement from the army, became a coffee planter. His mother was Sophia, daughter of A. Lambe of New Bond street. On June 13, 1854, he joined the navy as cadet; January 25, 1860, he was promoted to sub-lieutenant; November 4, 1860, lieutenant; August 2, 1869, commander; October 30, 1874, captain; August 2, 1880, rear admiral; May 8, 1896, admiral; December 4, admiral of the fleet; January 25, 1910, retired from the position of first sea lord; October 10, 1914, re-appointed first sea lord.

It is a peculiar fact that from his earliest days Lord Fisher has always been a storm centre; certainly he is the best hated and best loved man of which the modern navy has any record. To his service enemies he is everything that is vile; to his service believers he is just the reverse; to his friends, those who know him personally, he is an entirely lovable person. Why, then, was he a storm centre, and so thoroughly detested by a very influential circle? The answer lies in the fact that the navy is an essentially conservative service. Lord Fisher was the very essence of progress, not a passive but vigorously active progressivism, as witness what is, I believe, his favorite aphorism: "The true secret of successful administration is intelligent anticipation of agitation. Don't wait for agitation! Things have got to come—do them yourself! and don't let them be forced upon you." That was the policy, backed up by an inexhaustible energy and irresistible will, that created the storms which ever hovered round his head.

As a youngster, personality has little chance to show itself in the navy. Lord Fisher first came to the front when he was first lieutenant of the Warrior, in which ship he was promptly dubbed by the sailors "Mad Jack," his "madness" being in fact that he had a method of doing things and handling men not quite in accordance with the stereotyped style. It was evidently a method suited to the men's taste, for very shortly the "mad" part of the sobriquet was dropped and he had become "Jackie," which he has never lost, and as "Jackie" the navy knows him today.

In 1869 he became commander of the Ocean on the China station, where again he soon became known for his unconventional methods, and before long "Jackie" Fisher was known right through the navy. It was not till 1880, however, that a signal mark of distinction was conferred upon him.

He was appointed to follow the completion of H.M.S. Inflexible, the wonder ship of her day. On completion, in 1881, he commanded her for service in the Mediterranean, where she soon became the talk and envy of the fleet.

The Inflexible was an ironclad of 11,800 tons displacement, carrying four 16-in. muzzle loading rifled guns in two turrets placed en echelon. But still hanging grimly to the past, the board of that day had fitted her with masts and sails, which were utterly useless to her. But at sail drill and all other evolutions she soon became the smartest ship in the fleet, also excelling at boat pulling and all other sports. Captain Fisher had a routine of his own; instead of turning the whole of the watch when at sea, mustering them round the capstan and then letting them lie about the damp decks for four hours, only the men for duty ("trick") and so on) were turned out, the rest of the men being allowed to remain in their hammocks; other drastic modifications were also made in the stereotyped routine of the day.

In 1897 he was appointed commander-in-chief of our North American and the West Indies station, choosing as his flagship H.M.S. Renown. The comparative leisure of the post enabled him to devote serious thought to the future manning (officers) of the navy.

On May 13, 1902, he became second sea lord, and responsible for the personnel of the fleet.

On July 1, 1899, he became commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean station, the Renown following him and still retaining his flagship. On May 1, 1902, he relinquished this command, and on May 13 became second sea lord. On August 31, 1903, he became commander-in-chief at Portsmouth, and on October 20, 1904, he returned to the admiralty, this time as first sea lord.

In 1906 came his two great creations—the "Dreadnought" and the battle cruisers "Invincible," "Inflexible" and "Indomitable," and it was here that he showed all the galle of his nature. The triple expansion engine had

reached its maximum, and he wanted more speed. The turbine was the only thing that could give it. So far we had turbines in only one small cruiser, H.M.S. Amethyst, and he knew that to make the plunge right away by placing them in a 19,000 ton battleship would raise a storm—here was the experience of the water-tube boiler still vividly before him, and so he centred public attention on her guns, when, after all, the move to all 12 in. was only a small and natural development from the four 12 in. and ten 9.2 in. of the Lord Nelsons. However, the gun stood him in good stead, and even to this day the public believe that her guns were the Dreadnought's great feature, and turbines have too solidly proved their worth for anyone to attack him on that score today, at that was the most daring plunge he ever made, and it says something for his persuasive powers that he carried his colleagues with him. The battle cruisers were specially denounced as the creations of a lunatic. "Gunpowder and speed," said Fisher, "are going to win the battles of the future. Wait till war comes and the battle cruiser will justify itself."

In January, 1906, he was due to retire under the age clause for admirals, but on December 4, 1905, he was made admiral of the fleet, which gave him another five years—stormy years they were to be, but he wanted to complete his life's work. On December 7, 1909, he was created Lord Fisher of Kilverstone, and on January 5, 1910, turned his office over to Sir A. K. Wilson, and retired, as he then thought, to spend the evening of his days in peace and quietness.

But fate willed that the prose of his retirement should be broken, and on October 10, 1914, just exactly ten years all but ten days since he first became first sea lord, he was called back at the age of 74 to shoulder the responsibility of a world war. Uncomplainingly he came, to the immense satisfaction of the nation. All that is best in the navy of today is the creation of his hand and brain.

Pasture Management

The Tread of Cattle is Life to Good Grass

Pasture management can be summed up almost in a sentence: Feed on the grass, in winter, if possible; feed evenly all over the sod. The tread of the beast is life to the good grass. Take stock, all off before grass starts in spring and let it come up to be a strong, full bite. Stock then, as much as the pasture will carry, and preferably with mixed animals—sheep, cattle and horses. Thus it is all grazed down evenly. A better plan may be to divide the pastures and to separate the animals, letting the fattening cattle have the first bite, the sheep following, and after them the horses. Once in the year it is no doubt wise to graze the land quite close in order to subdue the weeds that might spring up. After the close-grazing it should be allowed to come again.—Joa. E. Wing.

"You must have good cattle and put them in good grass. There must not be too many cattle. The grass must be coming all the time, and if it is gaining on the cattle, all the better. Then you get fine, fat, export steers in the autumn and the extra grass left over goes to the young cattle for fall and early winter pasture."—Gov. Stewart of Virginia.

Wearry Willie—Broadwing Mike worked a hull day last week.

Dusty Rhoades—Yep; ain't it awful what some people do for money?

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Judge (passing sentence)—Quite a mistake. There's three months waiting for you!

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He Gave it up

An English "Tommy," while stationed in a Flemish village, wanted to buy a toothbrush. Being unable to speak either French or Flemish, he could not manage to make the people understand what he wanted. After several unsuccessful attempts, he hit on a brilliant idea, and, entering a little shop, he proceeded to imitate the action of brushing his teeth.

At first the old dame shook her head, then her face suddenly lit up with a smile. Placing a ladder against the wall, she searched for several minutes in some cardboard boxes on a top shelf. She at last found what she wanted, and triumphantly handed him, not a toothbrush, but a Jew's harp.

It is reasonable prophesy that within the next ten years most of the large cities will be supplied to a great extent with products from the surrounding country hauled in by motor-driven trains over splendid highways. This is already the case in London and Paris, and the cost of hauling has been reduced in such cases as low as four cents per ton per mile.

Each little truck farm in the neighborhood of London has its car, which is filled during the night with products intended for market. Early next morning a powerful tractor picks up these individual cars from each farm and delivers the produce at market, returning with such supplies as the farmers need from town.—Leslie's.

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22-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2054-2055-2056-2057-2058-2059-2060-2061-2062-2063-2064-2065-2066-2067-2068-2069-2070-2071-2072-2073-2074-2075-2076-2077-2078-2079-2080-2081-2082-2083-2084-2085-2086-2087-2088-2089-2090-2091-2092-2093-2094-2095-2096-2097-2098-2099-2100-2101-2102-2103-2104-2105-2106-2107-2108-2109-2110-2111-2112-2113-2114-2115-2116-2117-2118-2119-2120-2121-2122-2123-2124-2125-2126-2127-2128-2129-2130-2131-2132-2133-2134-2135-2136-2137-2138-2139-2140-2141-2142-2143-2144-2145-2146-2147-2148-2149-2150-2151-2152-2153-2154-2155-2156-2157-2158-2159-2160-2161-2162-2163-2164-2165-2166-2167-2168-2169-2170-2171-2172-2173-2174-2175-2176-2177-2178-2179-2180-2181-2182-2183-2184-2185-2186-2187-2188-2189-2190-2191-2192-2193-2194-2195-2196-2197-2198-2199-2200-2201-2202-2203-2204-2205-2206-2207-2208-2209-2210-2211-2212-2213-2214-2215-2216-2217-2218-2219-2220-2221-2222-2223-2224-2225-2226-2227-2228-2229-2230-2231-2232-2233-2234-2235-2236-2237-2238-2239-2240-2241-2242-2243-2244-2245-2246-2247-2248-2249-2250-2251-2252-2253-2254-2255-2256-2257-2258-2259-2260-2261-2262-2263-2264-2265-2266-2267-2268-2269-2270-2271-2272-2273-2274-2275-2276-2277-2278-2279-2280-2281-2282-2283-2284-2285-2286-2287-2288-2289-2290-2291-2292-2293-2294-2295-2296-2297-2298-2299-2300-2301-2302-2303-2304-2305-2306-2307-2308-2309-2310-2311-2312-2313-2314-2315-2316-2317-2318-2319-2320-2321-2322-2323-2324-2325-2326-2327-2328-2329-2330-2331-2332-2333-2334-2335-2336-2337-2338-2339-2340-2341-2342-2343-2344-2345-2346-2347-2348-2349-2350-2351-2352-2353-2354-2355-2356-2357-2358-2359-2360-2361-2362-2363-2364-2365-2366-2367-2368-2369-2370-2371-2372-2373-2374-2375-2376-2377-2378-2379-2380-2381-2382-2383-2384-2385-2386-2387-2388-2389-2390-2391-2392-2393-2394-2395-2396-2397-2398-2399-2400-2401-2402-2403-2404-2405-2406-2407-2408-2409-2410-2411-2412-2413-2414-2415-2416-2417-2418-2419-2420-2421-2422-2423-2424-2425-2426-2427-2428-2429-2430-2431-2432-2433-2434-2435-2436-2437-2438-2439-2440-2441-2442-2443-2444-2445-2446-2447-2448-2449-2450-2451-2452-2453-2454-2455-2456-2457-2458-2459-2460-2461-2462-2463-2464-2465-2466-2467-2468-2469-2470-2471-2472-2473-2474-2475-2476-2477-2478-2479-2480-2481-2482-2483-2484-2485-2486-2487-2488-2489-2490-2491-2492-2493-2494-2495-2496-2497-2498-2499-2500-2501-2502-2503-2504-2505-2506-2507-2508-2509-2510-2511-2512-2513-2514-2515-2516-2517-2518-2519-2520-2521-2522-2523-2524-2



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Local and General Items

Mr. J. B. Lukens of Blackie motored over to Vulcan on Saturday last.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Miller White, on Saturday, June 26th—a daughter.

Miss V. Gadley, telephone operator, of Blackie was a Vulcan visitor last week.

Mr. Messenger and Dr. Wilson, of Carmangay, were Vulcan visitors on Friday last.

Mr. Herman Reed was a visitor from Claresholm to the Vulcan celebration on July 1st.

Mr. Bolt, of Washington, is visiting his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Campbell.

Mrs. Stackhouse, of Blackie was the guest of Mrs. and Dr. Carson for a few days during the past week.

Miss Bessie Phillips, of Champion, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Dickenson last week, as also was Miss Dickenson, of Blackie.

Mr. G. H. England and Miss Illa M. Gaudin were married in Medicine Hat at the Methodist Church on Tuesday, June 29th.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Gillan of Lethbridge, who have been visiting in the district returned to Lethbridge on Friday of last week.

Mr. Arthur R. Bond, of Eastway, secured the championship prize at Gleichen for the best bucking horse with "Ray".

Mr. Mc Lander of Carbon arrived in town on Saturday morning and will take up teaching duties at the Mayview school.

Mr. Neil Synge, of Lake McGregor, who has enlisted at Calgary, paid a visit to the district last week, returning to Calgary on Thursday.

Hampered as they were by the frequent rains, the grounds committee and the workers who were preparing the grounds for the celebration had everything ready for the day.

A Womens Institute was formed at Brant on Monday of last week when the Mixed Farming Special train visited that town. An enthusiastic meeting of the ladies of the town was held in the car devoted to the Womens Section and the local officers were appointed.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Terwilliger and son Teddy, arrived in Vulcan on Tuesday evening last from Forest Grove, Oregon, and other points through which they have been making an extended motor tour.

The weather man was certainly generous to Vulcan on July 1st for the celebration, for after a night of rain the new month came along and gave a splendid day, and the largest crowd yet gathered at the new grounds to witness the doings.

On Sunday, July 4th, the Rev. D. K. Allan will be at High River where he will preach in the absence of the Rev. McKenzie. In consequence there will be no morning service, and in the evening the service will be conducted by Mr. Prentice, of Alston.

The hotel sewer has been in evidence during the past week. The odor being over the town on frequent occasions, and various residents are complaining strongly. Something will have to be done as summer is here and proper precautions will have to be taken.

The first regular train from Calgary after the washout was run down this line on Friday morning last, schedule time being maintained. On July 1st the train did not reach Vulcan until about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, causing much inconvenience to the people from up the line who were visiting the celebration here.

The washout on the line between here and Calgary resulted in a dislocated mail service and great inconvenience was experienced by the business men of Vulcan and other towns on the line. While repairs were being made the mail from the north, after going round to Calgary—Medicine Hat route, arrived in town at five o'clock in the morning.

Local and General Items

Mrs. Donaldson, of Kaladon East, visited Dr. and Mrs. Carson last week.

Mr. T. Goodsir, of Carmangay, trouble man on the telephones, was in Vulcan on Tuesday of last week.

A number of people from Lomond motored over to Vulcan on July 1st, and were present at the celebration.

Mr. Cromarty, of the Bank of Commerce, who has been away on his vacation, arrived back on Tuesday of last week.

Mr. H. England left for Calgary at the beginning of last week on a rather important mission of which we shall know more later.

Mr. R. M. Maloney, the representative of the Home Grain Company, Calgary, paid a visit to Vulcan the middle of last week.

Mr. J. B. Munsen, of Reid Hill, is raising some splendid alfalfa this year, a sample of it having been on view at Messrs. Mitchell's office.

At the last meeting of the Local Improvement District council it was voted that Mr. Dave McCliment, who was present, should be paid the \$3. for work done in 1913.

The Womens Institute did exceptionally well on July 1st in selling Red X Tags. All collections have not been handed in as yet, but the total will be well over \$100.

The list of those appointed returning officers for the prohibition election on July 21st was published in Monday's papers. Mr. Andrew Fenwick Wilson, of the Little Bow constituency, was appointed.

Mr. Lester Earp was a rider at the Gleichen Stampede, but was not successful in securing a prize, the horse he drew for the bucking contest not giving him much of a show.

The Athletic Association are desirous of acknowledging the great assistance given by Messrs. George Ecker and George Todd, who took charge of the judging and starting of the races on July 1st.

The storm on Friday evening taxed the accommodation of Gleichen to the uttermost, and many of the visitors to the Stampede, being forced to stay over night, were unable to find sleeping quarters.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rannells entertained a few friends to a private dance given at their residence on Monday evening, June 28th. The affair was held in honor of Mrs. Erickson, of Oslo, Minnesota, and Mrs. B. Gillan, of Lethbridge. The music was supplied by Messrs. Clark brothers. The rooms were tastefully decorated and during the evening the guests sat down to a dainty supper.

After the sinking of the Lusitania the Kaiser telegraphed to the White Star Company: "Deeply grieved at the sad news of the terrible disaster which befell your line. I send expression of deepest sympathy also with those who mourn the loss of relatives and friends." It has since been learned from an authoritative source that the torpedoing of the Lusitania was ordered to be carried out without fail by the Kaiser, who promised the greatest reward to the submarine succeeding.

Reckall Orderlies, the modern laxative, cleanse the system and beautify the complexion. Sold only by D. C. Jones, The Reckall Store, 10c.; 25c. & 50c. boxes.

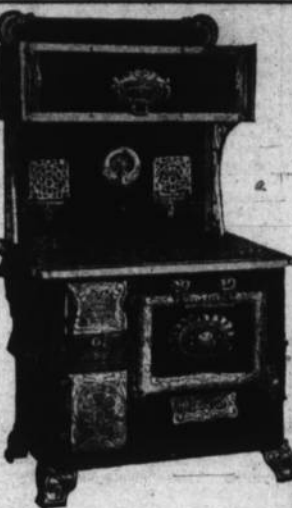
It is announced from Ottawa that Senator Longheed is to act as Minister of Militia during General Hughes absence at the front.

Dr. Michael Clark, sitting member, was nominated on Tuesday by the Liberals of Red Deer.

Alston School Pass List

Edwin Beingsner	Grade VII	85
Lizzie Zang	"	VII 73.5
Peter Bowie	"	V 73
Mary J. Zang	"	II 72
Melvin Bowie	"	V 71.5
Fenwick Meacham	"	II 71
Julius Zang	"	V 70
Kinnard Drummond	"	VII
Walter Zang	"	II 61
John Bowie	"	IV 59.5
Willie Zang	"	IV 58

Kootenay Steel Range



The Range That Lasts a Lifetime

The EXTRA HEAVY FIREBOX LININGS in the "KOOTENAY" are made of FAMOUS SEMI-STEEL, which is almost indestructible.

The HEAVY DUPLEX ROLLER GRATES used in the "KOOTENAY" have two faces, one for wood and the other for coal. Turning the Shaker Handle changes from one to the other in the twinkling of an eye.

Did you ever notice, when your fire goes out, a few pieces of coal or wood left in each end of the firebox? The "KOOTENAY" has a DUPLEX DRAFT operating from the front and the end, which means you have a dandy even-burning fire, with no dead ends—a SAVING OF FUEL.

The POLISHED TOP on the "KOOTENAY" is a bright, smooth, easily-cleaned surface, that does not soil clothes, hands or utensils. It does not require to be blackened, but can be easily cleaned by simply wiping it off with an oiled dust cloth.

The picture shows how easily the DAMPERS on the "KOOTENAY" are operated from the front—no reaching across the top of your range over steaming vessels—no scalded arms or scorched sleeves, because the DAMPERS ARE IN THEIR PROPER PLACE.

The NICKEL-PLATED STEEL OVEN, made of American Ingot Iron, is RUST PROOF, and is a dandy BAKER. Can be washed out with soap and water like a china dish.

Remember the "Kootenay" is Guaranteed

Irving's Limited

Vulcan - - - - - Alberta

Bargain Prices

ON HEAVY SCOTCH GREY ONE COAT ENAMEL WARE

The benefit of one coat enamel ware is that it does not chip like the ordinary kind.

Add to this the economy on the prices and see what you save

Milk Pans, 2 quarts	each 10c.
Milk Pans, 3 quarts	each 15c.
Milk Pans, 4 quarts	each 20c.
Milk Pans, 6 quarts	each 25c.
Pie Plates, 10 inch	each 10c.
Milk and Rice Boilers, 53	each 60c.
Wash Basins	each 20c.
10 Quart Water Pails	each 60c.
17 Quart Dish Pans	each 60c.
3 Quart Straight Saucepan	each 30c.
4 Quart Straight Saucepan	each 35c.
Tin Kneeding Pan, with cover	each 65c.

'IMPERIAL' self-heating Gasoline Flat Iron, perfectly safe each \$5.00

Wolfe & Pettman

VULCAN - - - - - ALBERTA

DRAT : THE : FLIES!

Why?

Buy good screens, and save your health and your temper.

SCREEN DOORS—2' 6", 2' 8", 2' 10", good make, seasoned wood, price \$1.50 up.

SCREEN WINDOWS—Adjustable, 40c.

SCREEN NETTING—In all widths, from 25c. per yard.

Lindsay Hardware Co.

Village of Vulcan

NOTICE

Notice is Hereby Given that the following animals:
2 White Sows about 75 lbs.
1 Black and White Boar 75 lbs.
2 Black and White Sows, 75 lbs.
were impounded in the pound kept by the Village of Vulcan, at the Town Hall of the village on Saturday, July 3rd, 1915.
F. J. KAISER,
Poundkeeper,
Vulcan.

Jack Tompson

Auctioneer

For dates and particulars apply to

FLOOD & WHICHER

Insurance Agents
Vulcan, Alta.